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Nai	meoftheProgramme:Dip	ploma inEl	ectronicsEr	ngineerin	g	<u> </u>						_												
Tea	achingandExaminationS	Scheme(P2	3)								With I	Effec	tFro	mAca	demic	Year:2	023-2	4						
Du	rationofProgramme:6S	emester									Durati	on:1	6WE	EKS										
Ser	mester:Fourth										Schem	e: P2	23											
							J	LearningS	Scheme								A	ssessme	entSche	me				
				A	ctualC	Conta	ctH	Self-										Bas	edonLl	L&TL		В	asedOn	Self
			CourseCo					Learnin	Notional		L .				Theor	y		240				Lea	rning	
Si No		CourseT pe	de	TotalIK S				g	Learni ngHrs/	Credits									Pra	ctical			Total N	
				Hrs forSem	CL	TL	LL	TermWo	We elt		R	SL.	A											
								+Assignm ent)				T				Min	Max	Min	PR	lax OR	Min	Max	Min	
1	Internet of Things	AEC	EC 23501		3	-	4	1	8	4	2:30	20	20	60	100	40	25	10	25@	T -	10	25	-	175
2	Computer Network	DSC	EC 23110		3	_	2	1	6	3	_	-	-	-	_	_		10	-	25@	20	25	_	75
3	Embedded system	DSC	EC 23111		3	-	4	1	8	4	2:30	20	20	60	100	40	25	10	25#		10	25	_	175
4	Power Electronics	DSC	EC 23111		3	-	4	1	8	4	2:30	20	20	60	100		50	20	25#	-	10	25	-	200
5	Microwave Elective-and RADAR	DSE	EC 23201		3	1	2	_	6	3	2:30	20	20	60	100	40	25	10	-	50@	20	-	_	175
	Artificial Intelligence	GE	EC 23701	Ī																				
	Consumer Electronics	DSE	EC 23202																					
6	Linux	AEC	EC 23502		-	-	2	-	2	1	-	-		-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	
7	Project I	INP	EC 23401				2		2	1									-	25@				25
	Tota	ı			15	1	20	4	40	20					400		150		100	75		100		825

GovernmentPolytechnic,Mumbai

Abbreviations: CL-Classroom Learning, TL-Tutorial Learning, LL-Laboratory Learning, FA-Formative Assessment, SA-Summative Assessment, IKS-Indian Knowledge System, SLA-Self LearningAssessmentLegends: @ InternalAssessment, #ExternalAssessment, *#On LineExamination,@SInternalOnline Examination
Note: 1.FA-THrepresentsmarksoftwoclasstestsof20markseachconductedduringthesemester.

2. IfcandidateisnotsecuringminimumpassingmarksinFA-PRofanycoursethenthecandidateshallbedeclaredas*Detained**internation**i

2. IfcandidateisnotsecuringminimumpassingmarksinFA-PRofanycoursethenthecandidateshallbedeclaredas "Detained" inthatsemester.

3. IfcandidateisnotsecuringminimumpassingmarksinSLAofanycoursethenthecandidateshallbedeclaredasfailandwillhavetorepeatandresubmitSLAwork.

4. NotionalLearninghoursforthesemesterare(CL+LL+TL+SL)hrs.*15Weeks

5. Icreditisequivalentto30Notionalhrs.

6.*SelflearninghoursshallnotbereflectedintheTimeTable.

CourseCategory:DisciplineSpecificCourseCore(DSC):2, DisciplineSpecificElective(DSE):0, ValueEducationCourse(VEC):1, Intern./Apprenti. Project./Commurse(SEC):2, GenericElective(GE):0 APPROVED entCourse(AEC):2,SkillEnhanceme

9 CDCCordinator, ElectronicsDepartment

HOD ElectronicsDepartment

ODCIncharge, CDCCell

o-ordinator G. P. Mumbai

Principal, G.P.Mumbai

Prog	gramme	e : Diplo	ma in I	Electron	ics Engin	eering (S	Sandwich	patteri	1)			
Cou	rse Cod	le: EC23	3501		Course '	Title: In	ternet of	Things				
Com	pulsor	y / Optic	onal: Co	ompulso	ory							
Lear	ning S	cheme a	nd Cre	dits		Assessi	nent Sch	eme				
						EA	SA-	EA	SA			
CL	TL	LL	SLH	NLH	Credits	FA- TH	TH (3 Hrs.)	FA- PR	PR	OR	SLA	Total
3	-	4	1	8	4	40	60	25	25@	-	25	175

Total IKS Hrs. for course: -

Abbreviations: CL- Class Room Learning, TL- Tutorial Learning, LL- Laboratory Learning, SLH-Self Learning Hours, NLH-Notional Learning Hours, FA - Formative Assessment, SA -Summative assessment, SLA-Self Learning Assessment

Legends: @ Internal Assessment, # External Assessment, *# On Line Examination, @\$ Internal Online Examination

T TE BOOK

Note:

- 1. FA-TH represents an average of two class tests of 30 marks each conducted during the term.
- 2. SA-TH represents the end term examination.
- 3. FA-PR represents the term work
- 4. SA-PR represents the end term practical examination.

I. Rationale:

IoT is responsible for the super-fast evolution of industry 4.0, where the operations are mostly automated thus

eliminating the need for much human intervention. The Internet of Things (IoT) describes the network of physical objects-"things" that are embedded with sensors , softwares and other technologies. IoT devices gather

Information and send it along to a data server where the information is collected, processed and used to make

host of tasks easier to perform. IoT enables the creation of innovative solutions to real world challenges.

II. Industry / Employer Expected Outcome

Develop and implement creative solutions for real time problems that can enhance efficiency, safety and convenience across various domains.

III. Course Outcomes: Students will be able to achieve & demonstrate the following COs on completion of course based learning

CO1	Understand the fundamental concepts of IoT.
CO2	Analyze IoT gateways and microcontrollers.
CO3	Apply sensors and communication protocols to design efficient IoT systems
CO4	Understand the software stack required for developing and managing IoT applications
CO5	Integrate IoT services with cloud computing for scalable data storage, processing, and real-time analytics
CO6	Understand the fundamentals of 3D printing technology and its applications
IV.Course	Content Details:

Unit No.	Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's)aligned to CO's	Topics / Sub-topics
1	TLO1.1- Define IoT and understand its history and evolution TLO1.2- Explain the characteristics, architecture, and technology behind IoT systems. TLO1.3- Understand the key design principles and layers of IoT/M2M systems. TLO1.4- Identify and describe the major components of IoT devices.	Unit 1 – Fundamental of IOT 1.1 Concept and Definitions of the Internet of Things(IoT)History of IoT. Characteristics, 1.2 Conceptual Framework, Architectural view, technology behind IoT. 1.3 Design Principles for connected Devices:IoT/M2M systems layers and Design standardization, Physical vs logical design, communication technologies, Data Enrichment and consolidation, Ease of Designing and affordability. 1.4 Major Component of IoT Devices(Sensor or Gateway, Cloud, Analytics, User Interface) Course Outcome:CO1 Teaching Hours:4hrs Marks: 8(R-2, U-4, A-2)

	Tri	1001 11 1 1 1 1 1 1	Unit 2- IoT Gateway and Microcontroller
	11	LO2.1- Understand the function and	Unit 2- 101 Gateway and Wier constraint
		importance of IoT gateways in connecting devices, processing data,	2.1 Know your IoT Gateway
		and facilitating communication within	2.2 Embedded Platforms for IoT –
		IoT systems.	Embedded Computing Basics(Block
	T	LO2.2- Gain proficiency in using Arduino	Diagram),
,	2	microcontrollers to develop and	2.3 IoT supported platforms-Arduino and
'	۷	implement IoT applications,	Raspsberry Pi IoT Protocol- MQTT,
		understanding their architecture and	CoAP,XMPP
		capabilities.	GOA TO Alive
			Course Outcome: CO2 Teaching
	_		Hours:8hrs Marks: 10(R- 4, U-4, A-2) Unit 3 – Sensors and Communication
	T	LO3.1- Gain a broad overview of various	Protocols in IoT
		types of sensors, their applications,	Trotocois in 101
		and their importance in IoT systems.	3.1 Working Principles of Sensors
	T	LO3.2- Understand the fundamental operating	3.2 Sensor Calibration
	3	principles behind different sensors,	3.3 IoT Communication Protocols-
	3	including how they detect and	Bluetooth, WiFi, SPI, USB, UART,
	T	measure physical properties. LO3.3- Acquire skills in calibrating sensors to	I2C, Bluetooth.ZigBee,RFID,GPS NFC,
	11	ensure accurate and reliable	Ethernet, TCP/IP
		measurements in practical	
		applications.	
	T	LO3.4- Understand how Bluetooth, WiFi,	
		SPI, USB, UART, I2C is used for	
		short-range wireless communication	
		in IoT devices, including its features,	
		applications, and limitations.	960/43/
	11	LO3.5- Acquire skills in calibrating sensors to	
		ensure accurate and reliable measurements in practical	
		applications.	and the same of th
	TI	LO3.6- Understand how Bluetooth, WiFi,	
		SPI, USB, UART, I2C is used for	
		short-range wireless communication	
		in IoT devices, including its features,	Course Outcome: CO3 Teaching
		applications, and limitations.	Hours:8hrs Marks: 10(R- 2, U-4, A-4)
	TI	O4.1- Understand the functionalities and	Unit 4- Software Stack for IoT
1		features of circuit design software	Application
		used for creating, simulating, and	A A
4		analyzing electronic circuits in IoT	4.1 Circuit Designer Overview
		applications.	4.2 Block Programming
	TL	O4.2- Learn the fundamentals of block-	4.3 Python Direct IDE
		based programming environments and	4.4 Introduction to Python
		how they facilitate visual coding for	4.5 Learn Python using Blocks
		IoT applications, making	
	TI	programming more accessible. O4.3- Gain familiarity with integrated	
	IL	5-1.5- Gain familiarity with integrated	

T T T	development environments (IDEs) for Python, including their features and how they support direct coding and debugging for IoT projects. LO4.4- Acquire foundational knowledge of Python programming, including its syntax, structures, and use cases in developing IoT applications. LO4.5- Develop programming skills by using block- based representations of Python code to understand concepts and logic, bridging the gap between visual and text-based programming. LO5.1- Understand how IoT harnesses its full potential through effective device connectivity, data management, and integration with cloud services. LO5.2- Learn how mobile browsers interact with IoT gateways to facilitate communication and data exchange in IoT systems. LO5.3- Gain insights into how cloud services enable IoT applications by providing scalable storage, data processing, and analysis capabilities. LO5.4- Acquire the skills to create and set up an Amazon Web Services (AWS) account, essential for leveraging cloud resources for IoT projects.	Course Outcome: CO4 Teaching Hours: 9hrs Marks: 12(R-4, U-4, A-4) Unit 5 - IoT Services and Cloud Computing 5.1 Unlocking power of IoT 5.2 Mobile browser to IoT Gateway Communication 5.3 Cloud Connectivity for IoT Application 5.4 Cloud based Architecture, SaaS, PaaS and IaaS 5.5 How to open AWS account 5.6 AWS Cost Management
	applications.	Course Outcome: CO5 Teaching
		Hours:8hrs Marks: 10(R- 2, U-4, A-4)
Т	TLO6.1- Explain the principle of 3D printing. TLO6.2- Explain common basic slicer softwares. TLO6.3- Explain post-processing techniques used in 3D printing.	 6.1 Basic principle of 3D printing, steps in 3D printing process 6.2 3D printer components and its calibration 6.3 Common basic slicer settings (layer height, fill density, supports, platform adhesion – skirt, brim, raft, shell thickness) 6.4 Post-processing techniques, need of post-processing, steps in post processing Course Outcome: CO6 Teaching
		Hours:8hrs Marks: 10(R- 2, U-4, A-4)

V. Laboratory Learning Outcome and Aligned Practical / Tutorial Experiences.

Sr No	Practical / Tutorial / Laboratory Learning Outcome (LLO)	Laboratory Experiment / Practical Titles / Tutorial Titles	1	Relevant COs
	LLO1.1 - Connect the IR sensor and Servo motor to the IoT Gateway LLO1.2 - Write the application program logic LLO1.3 - Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program LLO1.4 - Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction	Circuit Design for IoT System – Door and Light Automation Solution	2	COI
2	LLO2.1 - Connect the Keypad and Servo motor to the IoT Gateway LLO2.2 - Write the application program logic LLO2.3 - Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program LLO2.4 - Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction	Block-Based IoT Programming for Home Security Solution (Digital Lock)	2	COI
3	LLO3.1 - Connect the IR sensor, USB Camera and Buzzer to the IoT Gateway LLO3.2 - Write the application program logic LLO3.3 - Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program LLO3.4 - Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction	Build the IOT Home Security - Security Solution using IR, Camera and Buzzer	2	CO1, CO2, CO3
4	LLO4.1 - Connect the IR sensors and LED (using breadboard) to the IoT Gateway LLO4.2 - Write the application program logic LLO4.3 - Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program LLO4.4 - Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction	Build the Energy Management with Smart Lighting	2	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4,
5	LLO5.1 - Connect the Soil Moisture sensor, RTC, Solenoid Valve to the IoT Gateway LLO5.2 - Write the application program logic LLO5.3 - Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program LLO5.4 - Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction	Demonstrate a timer based Smart Irrigation Solution	2	CO1, CO2, CO3

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6	LLO6.1 - Connect the pH Sensor and TDS sensor to the IoT Gateway LLO6.2 - Write the application program logic LLO6.3 - Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program LLO6.4 - Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor	Build the IOT based Water Quality Testing	2	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4, CO5
7	construction LLO7.1 - Connect the PulseOximeter sensor and Led board to the IoT Gateway LLO7.2 - Write the application program logic LLO7.3 - Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program LLO7.4 - Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction	Demonstrate IOT in Healthcare - Smart Pulse Rate and Oxygen Monitoring Solution	2	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4, CO5
8	LLO8.1 - Connect the Weight sensor, Led board and Buzzer to the IoT Gateway LLO8.2 - Write the application program logic LLO8.3 - Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program LLO8.4 - Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction	Demonstrate IOT in Healthcare - Smart Saline Monitoring Solution	2	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4, CO5
9	LLO9.1 - Connect the IR sensor and Buzzer to the IoT Gateway LLO9.2 - Write the application program logic LLO9.3 - Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program LLO9.4 - Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction	Demonstrate IOT in Healthcare - Assistive Communication Solution	2	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4, CO5
10	LLO10.1- Connect the Temperature Sensor, Halleffect sensor, LED board to the IoT Gateway LLO10.2- Write the application program logic LLO10.3- Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program LLO10.4- Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction	Construct IOT in Weather Forecasting - Wind Speed and Humidity Measurement	2	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4, CO5
11	LLO11.1- Connect the Moisture sensor, Relay, LoRa Hub, LoRa nodes to the IoT Gateway LLO11.2- Write the application program logic LLO11.3- Verify the notifications sent to the	Build IOT in Agriculture - Smart Scalable Farming Solution	2	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4,

	mobile device on execution of the program LLO11.4- Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction			
12	LLO12.1- Connect the Energy device, Relay to the IoT Gateway LLO12.2- Write the application program logic LLO12.3- Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program LLO12.4- Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction	Create a Smart Energy Monitoring Solution (PF, Energy consumption etc.)	2	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4, CO5
13	LLO14.1- Connect the USB Camera, Keypad and Servo motor to the IoT Gateway LLO14.2- Write the application program logic LLO14.3- Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program LLO14.4- Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction	Build a Home Security Solution - Digital Lock with Camera	2	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4, CO5
	LLO15.1- Connect the Moisture sensor, Solenoid valve to the IoT Gateway LLO15.2- Write the application program logic LLO15.3- Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program LLO15.4- Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction	Build a Agriculture – Smart Irrigation Solution using LoRa protocol	2	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4,
	LLO16.1- Connect the IR sensor, Temperature sensor and Motor to the IoT Gateway LLO16.2- Write the application program logic LLO16.3- Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program LLO16.4- Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction	Develop a Home and Building Energy Management - Smart AC	2	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4, CO5
16	LLO17.1- Connect the Flame sensor and Solenoid valve to the IoT Gateway LLO17.2- Write the application program logic LLO17.3- Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program	Develop a Home and Building Fire Safety Solution	2	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4,

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	LLO17.4- Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction			
17	LLO18.1- Connect the Alcohol sensor, Ultrasonic sensor, Motor and Buzzer to the IoT Gateway LLO18.2- Write the application program logic LLO18.3- Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program LLO18.4- Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction	Build a Transportation and Safety Solution	2	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4, CO5
18	LLO19.1- Connect the IR sensors and Servo motors to the IoT Gateway LLO19.2- Write the application program logic LLO19.3- Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program LLO19.4- Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction	Create a Public Safety – Smart Crowd Management System	2	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4, CO5
19	LLO20.1- Connect the Weight sensor, Gas sensor, Flame sensor, Led board, Buzzer, Solenoid valve to the IoT Gateway LLO20.2- Write the application program logic LLO20.3- Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program LLO20.4- Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction	Build a Smart LPG Monitoring Solution	2	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4,
20	LLO21.1- Connect the IR sensor, Ultrasonic sensor, LED board, Servo motor and Buzzer to the IoT Gateway LLO21.2- Write the application program logic LLO21.3- Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program LLO21.4- Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction	Build a Smart City - Waste Management Solution	2	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4, CO5
21	LLO22.1- Connect the Moisture sensor, Flow sensor, Ultrasonic sensor and Solenoid valve to the IoT Gateway LLO22.2- Write the application program logic LLO22.3- Verify the notifications sent to the	Build a Home and Building - Water Management Solution (eg. Monitoring flow level, supply	2	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4,

	mobile device on execution of the program LLO22.4- Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction	automation)		
22	LLO23.1- Connect the IR sensors, Led board and Servo motor to the IoT Gateway LLO23.2- Write the application program logic LLO23.3- Verify the notifications sent to the mobile device on execution of the program LLO23.4- Decode and understand the science concept/principle behind the sensor construction	Develop a Smart City – Smart Parking Management System	4	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4, CO5

Note: 20out of 22 experiments should be performed in a term for completion of TW

VI. Suggested Micro Project / Assignment/ Activities for Specific Learning / Skills Development (Self Learning):

- 1. Complete any one course related to "Internet of Things" freely available on Infosys Springboard/NPTEL/Spoken Tutorial.
- 2. Micro project
- Automatic Street Light-Street Light should automatically ON at evening and automatically OFF at morning. LCD and Serial Monitor shows Light Intensity value on First Line and Status of Street Light on Second Line. USE RGB LED for street Light and use orange color.
- 4. Home Automation through PC- Design and develop project to control 8 home devices through PC serial monitor, LCD connected on project will shows Status of Devices is on or off. Also show the status of all devices on serial monitor:
- Motion enabled Room Light- Light present in Room should automatically ON when human motion is detected and automatically OFF in the absence of human motion. LCD and Serial monitor shows appropriate message as
- 6. "Motion detected! Light ON" and "No Motion! Light OFF" when particular condition fulfilled.
- 7. Electronic Smart Blind Stick- If someone is in front of blind person, LED and Buzzer should on and LCD will show the message" Obstacle. Be Alert" otherwise LED and Buzzer will remains off and LCD show the message "Safe.. Keep Walking".
- 8. Electronic Notice Board- Any Message send from Serial Monitor should get displayed on LCD. When new message sends, previous message gets automatically erased and replaced with new message.
- 9. Assignment
- 10. Solve Assignment covering all COs given by Course Teacher.

VII. Specification Table:

Unit		Distribution of Theory Marks						
No	Topic Title	R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks			
l	Fundamental Building Blocks of IOT	2	4	2	8			
2	IoT Gateway and Microcontroller	4	4	2	10			
3	Sensors and Communication Protocols in IoT	2	4	4	10			
4	Software Stack for IoT Application	4	4	4	12			
5	IoT Services and Cloud Computing	2	4	4	10			
5	Introduction to 3D printing	2	4	4	10			
Γotal	63// 2003/2007	15			60			

V1II. AssessmentMethodologies/Tools

Formative assessment (Assessment for Learning)

Rubrics for continuous assessment based on process and product related performance indicators (25 marks)

Summative Assessment (Assessment of Learning)

End term examination, Viva-voce, Workshop performance (25 marks)

IX. Suggested COs - POs Matrix Form

Course Outcome s (COs)	Programme Outcomes (POs)								Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)		
	PO-1 Basic and Discipline Specific Knowledg e	PO-2 Proble m	Developme nt of	Engineer ing Tools	Society, Sustainability	PO-6 Project Manageme nt	PO-7 Life Long Learni ng	SO- 1		SO- 3	
CO1	2	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	T	1	
CO2	1	2	2	3	2	2	2				
CO3	1	2	2	3	2	2	2		1	1	
CO4	1	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	
CO5	2	2	3	3	2	. 2	2	1		1	
CO6	1		3	3	1 7 7	2		2			
Legen	ds: - High:0	3, Mediu	im:02, Low:0	1, No Maj	oping:	The second secon					

X. Suggested Learning Materials / Books

Sr.No	Author	Title	Publisher with ISBN Number		
1	Cornel M Amariei	Arduino Development Cookbook	PACKT publishing Ltd. New Delhi, ISBN: 978-1-78398-294-3		
2	Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti	Internet of Things: A Hands-On Approach	Orient Blackswan New Delhi ,ISBN: 978- 0996025515 628/- 2		
3	David Hanes, Gonzalo Salgueiro, Patrick Grossetti		Cisco Press ISBN: 978-1- 58714- 456-1 599		
4	Simen Monk	Raspberry Pi Cookbook	Publisher(s): O'Reilly Media, Inc. ISBN: 9781098130923		
5	Agus Kurniawan	Smart Internet of Things projects	PACKT publishing Ltd. New Delhi ISBN:9788131766613		

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P23 Scheme

XI. Learning Websites & Portals

XI. Lea	arning Websites & Portals	To an in this m
Sr.No	Link / Portal	Description
1	https://github.com/microsoft/IoT-For-Beginners	All practicals
2	https://www.javatpoint.com/difference-between-sensors-and-actuators	Sensors and Actuators
3	https://www.tinkercad.com/learn/circuits?collectionId=O0K87SQL1W5N4P2	Practical using Simulator
4	https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/introduction-to-internet-of-th ings-iot-set-1/	Online content of Internet of Things
5	https://hands-on-books-series.com/iot.html	Introduction to IoT
6	https://hands-on-books-series.com/iot.html	Hands on approach on IoT
7	https://www.raspberrypi.org/	Raspberry Pi Hands on tutorial

Note:

Teachers are requested to check the creative common license status/financial implications of the suggested online educational resources before use by the students

XII. Academic Consultation Committee/Industry Consultation Committee:

XII. Ac	III. Academic Consultation Committee/Industry Consultation Committee:								
Sr. No	Name	Designation	Institute/Organization						
1	Mr Anjum Mujawar	Lecturer in Electronics	Vidyalankar Polytechnic, Mumbai						
2	Mr Abhijit Patil	Lecturer in Electronics	St Xavier Polytechnic, Mumbai						
3	Mr V.Y.Patil	Lecturer in Electronics	Government Polytechnic, Mumbai						
4	Mrs. V.K.Jadhav	Lecturer in Electronics	Government Polytechnic, Mumbai						

Curriculum Development, Department of Electronics

Head of Departments Department & Electronics

I/C, Curriculum Development Cell

Government Polytechnic, Mumbai CDC Co-ordinator G. P. Mumbai

Government Polytechnic, Mumbai

												_ ,	
Prog	Programme: Diploma in Electronics Engineering (Sandwich pattern)												
Course Code, EC 20110						puter Ne							
Com	Compulsory / Optional: Compulsory												
Lear	Learning Scheme and Credits				Asse	essme	nt Scheme	e					
CL	TL	LL	SLH	NL	Credit	FA-	ТН	SA-TH	FA-	SA	100	S	
				Н	S	T1	T1	(2:30 Hrs.)	PR	PR	OR	L A	Total
3	-	2	1	6	3		_	_	25	-	25@	25	75

Total IKS Hrs. for course:

Abbreviations: CL- Class Room Learning, TL- Tutorial Learning, LL- Laboratory Learning, SLH-Self Learning Hours, NLH-Notional Learning Hours, FA - Formative Assessment, SA -Summative assessment, SLA- Self Learning Assessment

Legends: @ Internal Assessment, # External Assessment, *# On Line Examination, @\$ Internal Online Examination

Note:

- 1. FA-PR represents the term work
- 2. SA-OR represents the end term oral examination.

I. Rationale:

ESID. 1960 The field of electronics engineering increasingly integrates networked systems, requiring professionals to have a solid foundation in computer networks. This course enables students to understand networking fundamentals, configurations, and troubleshooting, which are critical for developing and maintaining embedded systems, IoT devices, and industrial communication systems.

II. Industry / Employer Expected Outcome:

After completing this course, students will be able to:

- Install, configure, and troubleshoot small-scale networks in industrial or office environments. 1.
- Develop and maintain communication systems for IoT and automation projects.
- Integrate and test network protocols in electronics-based systems. 3.
- Adapt to evolving networking technologies and standards.

This course gives the important concepts and techniques related to data communication and enable students to maintain and troubleshoot computer networks.

III. Course Outcomes: Students will be able to achieve & demonstrate the following COs on completion of course based learning

CO1	Understand the fundamentals of computer networking, including layered architecture and protocols.
CO2	Learn about physical and wireless communication media, networking hardware, and tools.
CO3	Develop skills in configuring and managing network devices like routers, switches, and firewalls.
CO4	Gain hands-on experience in network setup, troubleshooting, and performance analysis
CO5	Demonstrate the functions of different network components, devices, protocols.

IV Course Content Details:

TIm:4	TD1.	
No.	Theory Learning Outcomes	Topics / Sub-topics
140.	(TLO's)augned to CO's	
1	TLO1a.Explain the function of	Introduction to Computer Networks and its characteristics: 1.1 Brief history: Voice networks to data networks 1.2 Components of data communication Transmitter, Receiver, Medium, Message, Protocol. Standards, Standard organizations. Basic block diagram of data communication system 1.3 Data Transmission: Serial, Parallel Synchronous, Asynchronous, Isochronous transmission 1.4 Transmission characteristics: Signaling rate, data rate, bit rate, baud rate 1.5 Need of computer networks, Network criteria advantages of networking. 1.6 Network topologies: Mesh, Star, Bus, Tree, Ring and Hybrid topologies Schematic diagram, working, advantages disadvantages and applications 1.7 Network Classification: 1.7.1 Based on Transmission Technology: Point to-point, Multipoint, Broadcast 1.7.2 Based on physical size(scale):PAN, LAN, MAN, WAN, VPN 1.7.3 Based on Architecture: Peer to Peer, Client Server, advantages of Client Sever over Peer-to-Peer Model.
		Course Outcome: CO1 Teaching Hours: 05 hrs
	TLO2a.Describe the function	Network Models:
	of the given layer of	2.1 TCP/IP protocol suite with define protocols in
	TCP/IP Reference	respective Layers: Physical layer, Data Link Layer,
	model.	Network Layer, Transport Layer, Application Layer

	TLO2b.Explain the relationship	2.2 Addressing in TCP/IP: Physical, logical, Port and
2	of layers with	specific.
	addresses in TCP/IP.	2.3 The ISO-OSI model:Physical layer, Data Link Layer
	TLO2c.Differentiate between	Network Layer, Transport Layer, Session Layer
	Various addressing	Presentation Layer, Application Layer
	schemes in TCP/IP.	Application Layer, Application Layer
	TLO2d.Describe the functions	
	of the given layer of	
	OSI Reference model	Course Outcome: CO1 Teaching Hours: 10 hrs
	TLO3a. Select the transmission	Physical layer:
	media for transmitting	3.1 Transmission medium: classification based on
	given signal for the	electromagnetic wave spectrum
	given application.	2.2 Codd 13.4 11 m + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
	TLO3b.Describe the construction	connector, Coaxial cable-connector, Fiber-optic cable
3	of the given cable with labeled sketches.	connector, performance and applications
	TLO3c.Compare different type	3.3 Unguided Media-Radio waves, microwaves, Infrared and
	of Transmission	their applications
	medium based on given	3.4 Modems: Classifications: Broadband modem DSL-
	parameter	ADSL, HDSL, VDSL
	TLO3d.Explain the working of	3.5 Switching: Circuit-switched networks. Packet switched
	the given type of modem	networks -Datagram approach, Virtual circuit approach.
	TLO3e.Compare different	
	Switching techniques	
	based on the given parameters.	Course Outcome: CO2 Teaching Hours: 10 hrs
4	TLO4a.Describe the services	Data link layer:
	Provided by Data Link	4.1 Data link layer: Flow and Error control
	layer.	4.4 Flow control: Framing Flow and control
	TLO4b.Explain flow control	wait protocol
	protocol in the data link	wait protocol 4.3 Overview of important protocols: IP, TCP, UDP,
	layer with justification.	Later 111, 111, SWIF. UAKI, IC (Definition and
	TLO4c.Compare	Fractical Applications of each protocol)
	Characteristics of	4.4 Introduction to wireless protocols: Bluetooth Zighan
	given type of Protocol.	WI-II., MQII (Message Ollelling Telemeters
	TLO4d.Select the appropriate	Transport), CoAP (Constrained Application Protocol
	protocol for any	LoRaWAN (Definition and Practical Applications of
	application	each protocol)
		4.5 Addressing: IPv4 vs. IPv6, subnetting basics.
		Course
	TLO5a.Justify the function of	Network, Transport, Application layer:
	the given network	5.1 Network devices: Depositor III
	device.	5.1 Network devices: Repeater, Hub, Bridge, Switches, Router, Gateway
	TLO5b.Select appropriate class	5.2 Network layer Logical additions
	for given network size.	5.2 Network layer Logical addressing: IPv4 Addresses:
	TLO5c.Differentiate between	address space Notations, classful and classless
ایا	class full and class less	addressing, Network address translation (NAT), IPv6
5	addressing.	addresses, Need for IPv6, Structure and address space
	addressing.	5.3 Network layer-Multicast Routing Protocols: Unicast,
	Э	Multicast and Broadcast routing and application

		TLO5d.Explain the role of		Transport Layer: Proce	ess to process delivery,
		NAT in address		UDP, RTP and SCTF	P: ports, format, operation and
		depletion.		uses	•
		TLO5e.Explain the given type	5.4	Application Layer serv	vices: Concept of DNS, FTP.
		of Routing.	5.5	Security services: co	ncepts of message and entity
		TLO5f.Describe the services		security services, Fire	wall
		provided by transport			
		layer/network	_		
-		layer/Application layer.	Cou	irse Outcome: CO5	Teaching Hours: 10hrs
		TLO5a.Justify the function of	Net	work, Transport, Appl	lication laver:
		the given network	5.6	Network devices: Re	peater, Hub, Bridge, Switches,
		device.		Router, Gateway	t s, and, miles,
		TLO5b.Select appropriate class		Network layer Logica	al addressing: IPv4 Addresses:
		for given network size.		address space Nota	tions, classful and classless
		TLO5c.Differentiate between		addressing, Network a	address translation (NAT), IPv6
	5	class full and class less		addresses, Need for IP	v6. Structure and address space
		addressing.	5.8	Network layer-Multic	ast Routing Protocols: Unicast
		TLO5d.Explain the role of	a second	Multicast and Broad	least routing and applications
		NAT in address	1	Transport Layer: Proce	ess to process delivery
		depletion.	5.7	UDP, RTP and SCT	P: ports, format, operation and
		TLO5e.Explain the given type		uses	1 100
		Of Routing.	3.9	Application Layer ser	vices: Concept of DNS, FTP.
		TLO5f.Describe the services	3.1	OSecurity services: co	oncepts of message and entity
		provided by transport		security services, Fire	wall
		layer/Application layer			
		layer/Application layer.	Cou	rse Outcome: CO5	Teaching Hours: 10hrs
			Man T	rp. 1960.	Journal Hours : Tonrs
			ne Starte a		

V. Laboratory Learning Outcome and Aligned Practical / Tutorial Experiences.

Sr No	Practical / Tutorial / Laboratory Learning Outcome (LLO)	Laboratory Experiment / Practical Titles / Tutorial Titles	Number of hrs.	Relevant COs
1	LLO1: Study of different Networking Tools like Network and Telecom Crimping Tool / LAN Cable Tester/ Line Tester	Study of different Networking Tools like Network and Telecom Crimping Tool / LAN Cable Tester / Line Tester.	02	CO1
2	LLO2:Simulate the networking Topology of the institute in Packet Tracer	Identify the different types of network topologies in lab.	02	CO1
3	LLO3:Simulate the networking Topology of the institute in Packet Tracer	Connect computers in star topology and test the performance.	02	CO1
4	LLO4:Install a LAN network Using a Hub/ Switch consisting of 6 Computers using Packet tracer.	Install a LAN network Using a Hub/ Switch consisting of 6 computers	02	CO1

Router/Access Points. Implement Basic Network Commands.		1	CO5
connected to the internet	Assign IP address to the PC connected to the internet	02	CO4
CAT5/6 cable and RJ 45 jack outlet Crimping	Configure LAN network using CAT5/6 cable and RJ 45 jack outlet Crimping	02	CO3
Settings on a computer.	Configure/Test Internet connectivity.	02	CO4
LLO9:Check connection using ping command and use IP configuration command	Check connection using ping command and use IP configuration command	02	CO2
LLO10:Make cross-wired and straight cables using crimping tools	Make cross-wired and straight cables using crimping tools	02	CO3
LLO11:Troubleshoot network using commands including ping, tracert, netsh, ipconfig, and netstat etc.	Troubleshoot network using commands including ping, tracert, netsh, ipconfig, and netstat etc.	02	CO2
LLO12:Perform Smart Pulse rate and oxygen monitoring system practical using protocol - I2C.	Perform Smart Pulse rate and oxygen monitoring system practical using protocol - I2C.	02	CO5
LLO13:Perform Smart Parking system Practical using Protocol MQTT	Perform Smart Parking system practical using Protocol - MQTT	02	CO5
LLO14:Perform practical Application using GPS sensor using Protocol - UART	Perform practical Application using GPS sensor using Protocol - UART	02	CO5
		02	CO5
LLO16:Make a Mini project by using different Network Components	Make a Mini project by using different Network Components	02	CO2
LLO17:Do Case study on any one Network service provider company on their Network infrastructure and design	Do Case study on any one Network service provider company on their Network infrastructure and design.	02	CO2
	Implement Basic Network Commands. LLO6: Assign IP address to the PC connected to the internet LLO7: Configure LAN network using CAT5/6 cable and RJ 45 jack outlet Crimping LLO8: Check and setup network Settings on a computer. LLO9: Check connection using ping command and use IP configuration command LLO10: Make cross-wired and straight cables using crimping tools LLO11: Troubleshoot network using commands including ping, tracert, netsh, ipconfig, and netstat etc. LLO12: Perform Smart Pulse rate and oxygen monitoring system practical using protocol - I2C. LLO13: Perform Smart Parking system Practical using Protocol MQTT LLO14: Perform practical Application using GPS sensor using Protocol - UART LLO15: Perform practical Smart scalable farming system using Protocol - Bluetooth and WiFi LLO16: Make a Mini project by using different Network Components LLO17: Do Case study on any one Network service provider company on their Network	Implement Basic Network Commands. LLO6:Assign IP address to the PC connected to the internet LLO7:Configure LAN network using CAT5/6 cable and RJ 45 jack outlet Crimping LLO8:Check and setup network Settings on a computer. LLO9:Check connection using ping command and use IP configuration command LLO10:Make cross-wired and straight cables using crimping tools LLO11:Troubleshoot network using commands including ping, tracert, netsh, ipconfig, and netstat etc. LLO12:Perform Smart Pulse rate and oxygen monitoring system practical using Protocol - IZC. LLO13:Perform Smart Parking system Practical using Protocol MQTT LLO14:Perform practical Application using GPS sensor using Protocol - UART LLO15:Make a Mini project by using different Network Commands. Assign IP address to the PC connected to the internet Configure LAN network using CAT5/6 cable and RJ 45 jack outlet Crimping Configure/Test Internet connectivity. Check connection using ping command and use IP configuration command Make cross-wired and straight cables using crimping tools Troubleshoot network using commands including ping, tracert, netsh, ipconfig, and netstat etc. Perform Smart Pulse rate and oxygen monitoring system practical using protocol - IZC. LLO13:Perform practical Application using GPS sensor using Protocol - UART Perform practical Smart scalable farming system using Protocol - Bluetooth and WiFi LLO16:Make a Mini project by using different Network Commands.	Implement Basic Network Commands. Network Commands.

Note: 12 experiments should be performed in a term for completion of TW. Mini project is mandatory.

VI. Suggested Micro Project / Assignment/ Activities for Specific Learning / Skills Development (Self Learning): (Minimum 10 Assignment)

1. Configuring a Cisco Wi-Fi Router using Packet Tracer: Set up a network using Cisco Packet Tracer and configure a Wi-Fi router.

- 2. Building a Simple LAN: Design and implement a Local Area Network (LAN) with multiple devices and test its functionality.
- 3. Network Security Implementation: Create a project that focuses on implementing basic network security measures like firewalls and encryption.
- 4. Performance Analysis of Different Network Protocols: Compare the performance of various network protocols (e.g., TCP vs. UDP) under different conditions.
- 5. Designing a VPN: Develop a Virtual Private Network (VPN) setup and test its security and performance.
- 6. Implementing Quality of Service (QoS): Design a network that prioritizes certain types of traffic to ensure quality of service.
- 7. Network Troubleshooting and Diagnostics: Create a project that involves diagnosing and troubleshooting common network issues.
- 8. Wireless Network Optimization: Optimize a wireless network for better performance and coverage.
- 9. Network Simulation: Use network simulation tools to model and analyze the behavior of different network topologies.
- 10. IoT Network Integration: Integrate Internet of Things (IoT) devices into a network and manage their communication.
- 11. Bluetooth-Based Projects
 - a. Bluetooth-Based Smart Lock System
 - b. Bluetooth Indoor Navigation
- 11. UART-Based Projects
 - a. UART Temperature Monitoring System
 - b. UART Data Logger
- 12. MQTT-Based Projects
 - a. IoT Home Automation System
 - b. MQTT Weather Dashboard
- 12. I2C-Based Projects
 - a. I2C-Based Smart Weather Station.
 - b. I2C OLED Display Controller
- 13. LoRa-Based Projects
 - a. LoRa-Based Agricultural Monitoring System
 - b. LoRa Emergency Alert System.

VII. Specification Table: NA

VIII. Assessment Methodologies/Tools

Formative assessment (Assessment for Learning)

Rubrics for continuous assessment based on process and product related performance indicators. (25 marks)

Summative Assessment (Assessment of Learning)

Viva-voce, Workshop performance (25 marks)

IX. Suggested COs - POs Matrix Form(Electronics Engineering)

	Programme Outcomes (POs)								Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)		
Cour se Outc omes (COs	PO-1 Basic and Discipl ine Specifi c Knowl edge	PO-2 Probl em Anal ysis	PO-3 Design/ Develop ment of Solution s	PO-4 Engine ering Tools	PO-5 Engineer ing Practices for Society, Sustaina bility and Environ ment	PO-6 Project Manage ment	PO-7 Life Long Lear ning	PS O-1	PS O-2	PSO-3	
CO1	3	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	
CO2	3	1	1	3		1	2	2	2	2	
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	3	1	3	3		
CO4	3	3	3	3	1	2	1			3	
CO5	1	3	3		1	and the second party	1	3	3	3	
Leger	COS 1 3 3 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 Legends: - High:03, Medium:02, Low:01, No Mapping:										

X. Suggested Learning Materials / Books

Sr. No	Author	Title	D. H. L.
1	Computer Networks	Tanenbaum, A.S	Publisher Pearson Education, New Delhi, India Fourth Edition, 2011 ISBN: 9788131787571.
2	Data Communication and Networking	Forouzan, Behrouz A	Delhi, India McGraw Hill, Education Ne
3	Introduction to Data Communications and Networking	Tallings	2015; ISBN 978007296775 Pearson Education, New Delhi, India 2007, ISBN: 9788131709306
4	Data Communications and Networks	Godbole, A.S.;Kahate, A	Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, India .Second Edition, 2011 ISBN (13): 978007107770

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XI. Learning Websites & Portals

Sr. No	Link / Portal	Description
1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hAopORgAcbQ	Video lectures on all
		topics
2	nptel.ac.in/courses/106105082/19	Video lectures on all
		topics
3	nptel.ac.in/courses/106105082/17	Video lectures on all
		topics
4	https://www.ics.uci.edu/~magda/Courses/netsys270/ch7	PPTs on all topics
5	http://www.nptel.iitm.ac.in/courses	Different courses on
		related to Compute
		network

XII. Academic Consultation Committee/Industry Consultation Committee:

Sr. No	Name	Designation Institute/Organizatio
1	Mr.S.N.Isal	Director, Techmahoday Industry Expert
1		Institute Course Exper
	Dr. Hemant Kasturewale	Hod,Extc and DS,Thakur Academic Expert
2	200	Engg.college
3	Mr. A.D. Vikhankar	SL. Grade Lecturer in Institute Course Exper
3		Electronics
4	Ms. S.H.Sisodiya	Lecturer in Electronics Institute Course Exper
Ţ		A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A

Name 1

Coordinator
Curriculum Development,

Department of Electronics Engineering Head of Departments
Department of Electronics
Engineering

I/C, Curriculum Development Cell Government Polytechnic, Mumbai Principal
Government Polytechnic, Mumbai

Prog	Programme: Diploma in Electronics Engineering (Sandwich pattern)											
Cou	Course Code: EC 23111 Course Title: Embedded System											
Compulsory / Optional: Compulsory												
Learning Scheme and Credits Assessment Scheme												
CL	TOX				Credi _ SA- FA SA							
CL	TL	LL	SLH	NLH	ts	FA-TH	TH (3 Hrs.)	- PR	PR	OR	SLA	Total
3	-	4	1	8	4	20 20	-60	25	25#	-	25	175

Total IKS Hrs. for course:

Abbreviations: CL- Class Room Learning, TL- Tutorial Learning, LL- Laboratory Learning, SLH-Self Learning Hours, NLH-Notional Learning Hours, FA - Formative Assessment, SA -Summative assessment, SLA-Self Learning Assessment

Legends: @ Internal Assessment, # External Assessment, *# On Line Examination, @\$ Internal Online Examination

Note:

- 1. FA-TH represents total of two class tests of 20 marks each conducted during the term.
- 2. SA-TH represents the end term examination.
- 3. FA-PR represents the term work
- 4. SA-PR represents the end term practical examination.

I. Rationale:

Introduce the fundamental concepts of embedded systems, laying a strong foundation for understanding how embedded systems operate, their key characteristics, and their applications in real-world scenarios. Embedded systems are pervasive in modern technology, from household devices to critical infrastructure. Understanding the basics of embedded systems is essential for any future work in this domain, as it covers everything from architecture to applications in everyday life.

II. Industry / Employer Expected Outcome

The embedded systems course is designed to meet the growing demands of the embedded systems industry. Employers and industries that rely on embedded technologies look for individuals who have a strong foundation in both theoretical knowledge and practical application.

III. Course Outcomes: Students will be able to achieve & demonstrate the following COs on completion of course based learning

Compien	Demonstrate a thorough understanding of embedded systems' design, architecture, and
CO1	1' 1' and a
CO2	Design and implement basic embedded systems using ATmega328P microcontroller and Arduino boards.
CO3	Demonstrate the ability to interface various sensors and actuators.
CO4	Analyze memory system architectures, including cache and virtual memory. Develop real-time solutions using RTOS principles for practical applications.
CO5	Develop real-time solutions using KTOS principles for per-

IV. Course Content Details:

Unit No.	Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's) aligned to CO's	Topics / Sub-topics
1	TLO 1a. Understand Embedded Systems Concepts. TLO 1b. Analyze architectures: Compare and contrast Von Neumann and Harvard architectures, as well as RISC, CISC. TLO 1c. Evaluate System Characteristics: Explain the characteristics of embedded systems, such as latency, throughput, safety, and power consumption TLO 1d. Classify Embedded Systems. TLO 1e. Apply Knowledge to Real-World Scenarios	1.1 Definition of Embedded System 1.2 Block Diagram of Embedded System 1.3 Embedded System Architectures: Von- Neumann/Harvard, RISC/CISC, DSP 1.4 Characteristics of Embedded Systems: size, performance, flexibility, maintainability, latency, throughput, correctness, processor power, power consumption, safety, NRE cost. 1.5 Classification of Embedded Systems: 1.5.1 Based on Performance of microcontroller: Small scale, medium scale, Sophisticated 1.5.2 Based on performance and functional requirements: Real time, Standalone, Networked, Mobile. 1.6 Applications of Embedded Systems Course Outcome: CO1 Teaching Hours: 9hrs Marks: 10(R- 2, U-6, A-2) 2.AVR Microcontroller
	and Architecture-Identify the features of the ATmega328P microcontroller and Arduino platforms. TLO2b. Analyze Arduino Uno: Interpret the functional	 2.1 Features of ATMega 328P Microcontroller and Arduino 2.2 Arduino: open source community 2.3 Arduino boards based on Atmrga328 Microcontroller 2.4 Functional Block Diagram of Arduino Uno 2.5 Functions of each pin of Arduino Uno

2.6 Arduino Programming 2.6.1 Data types, Variables, Operators 2.6.2 IO functions 2.6.3PWM function 2.6.4 Random Functions 2.6.5 Interrupts 2.6.6 Serial Communication:RS232, I ² C, SPI cation 232, ols in Course Outcome: CO2 Marks: 12(R-4, U-4, A-4)
2.6.2 IO functions 2.6.3PWM function 2.6.4 Random Functions 2.6.5 Interrupts 2.6.6 Serial Communication:RS232, I ² C, SPI cation 232, ols in Course Outcome: CO2 Marks: 12(R-4, U-4, A-4) Teaching Hours:10hrs
2.6.3PWM function 2.6.4 Random Functions 2.6.5 Interrupts 2.6.6 Serial Communication:RS232, I ² C, SPI cation 232, ols in Course Outcome: CO2 Marks: 12(R-4, U-4, A-4) Teaching Hours:10hrs
2.6.4 Random Functions 2.6.5 Interrupts 2.6.6 Serial Communication:RS232, I ² C, SPI cation 232, ols in Course Outcome: CO2 Marks: 12(R-4, U-4, A-4) Teaching Hours:10hrs
2.6.5 Interrupts 2.6.6 Serial Communication:RS232, I ² C, SPI cation 232, ols in Course Outcome: CO2 Marks: 12(R-4, U-4, A-4) Teaching Hours:10hrs
2.6.6 Serial Communication:RS232, I ² C, SPI cation 232, ols in Course Outcome: CO2 Marks: 12(R-4, U-4, A-4) Teaching Hours:10hrs
cation 232, ols in Course Outcome: CO2 Marks: 12(R-4, U-4, A-4) Teaching Hours: 10hrs
cation 232, ols in Course Outcome: CO2 Teaching Hours:10hrs Marks: 12(R-4, U-4, A-4)
cation 232, ols in Course Outcome: CO2 Teaching Hours:10hrs Marks: 12(R-4, U-4, A-4)
232, ols in Course Outcome: CO2 Teaching Hours:10hrs Marks: 12(R-4, U-4, A-4)
232, ols in Course Outcome: CO2 Marks: 12(R- 4, U-4, A-4) Teaching Hours: 10hrs
Course Outcome: CO2 Teaching Hours :10hrs Marks: 12(R- 4, U-4, A-4)
Marks: 12(R-4, U-4, A-4)
The state of the s
3.Arduino Uno IDE and Interfacing
The state of the s
duino 3.1 Introduction to Arduino IDE- Overview of the Arduino Integrated Development
te Environment (IDE), Features of Arduino IDE.
Sing Components of Arduino IDE, Menu Bar: Provides
access to tools, sketches, and preferences.
Code Editor: Area to write and edit code.
Message Area: Displays errors warnings and other
Slike messages during compilation
Output Console: Shows detailed logs for compiling
and uploading, Toolbar Buttons: Verify: Check the
code for errors, Upload: Upload the code to the
Arduino board, New, Open, Save: Manage sketches
Serial Monitor: Debugging via serial
robotic communication.
3.2 Arduino Sketch Structure-Setup Function, loop
CONTROL 1 TO THE CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF
Sensors: Hymidia, T.
GAS sensor Light Sensor (LDR)
3.4 Metara DC G
1 3.4 MOIOIS: DC. Servo Stenner
3.4 Motors: DC, Servo, Stepper
Common O. A
Course Outcome: CO3 Teaching Hours : 10bro
Course Outcome: CO3 Teaching Hours: 10hrs Marks: 16(R-4, U-6, A-6)
Course Outcome: CO3 Teaching Hours:10hrs Marks: 16(R- 4, U-6, A-6) 4. System Memory and Peripherals
Course Outcome: CO3 Teaching Hours:10hrs Marks: 16(R-4, U-6, A-6) 4. System Memory and Peripherals 4.1 Memory System Architecture
Course Outcome: CO3 Teaching Hours:10hrs Marks: 16(R- 4, U-6, A-6) 4. System Memory and Peripherals 4.1 Memory System Architecture 4.1.1 Cache Memory, Virtual Memory
Course Outcome: CO3 Teaching Hours:10hrs Marks: 16(R- 4, U-6, A-6) 4. System Memory and Peripherals mory ed 4.1 Memory System Architecture 4.1.1 Cache Memory, Virtual Memory 4.1.2 Memory Management Unit
Course Outcome: CO3 Teaching Hours: 10hrs Marks: 16(R-4, U-6, A-6) 4. System Memory and Peripherals 4.1 Memory System Architecture 4.1.1 Cache Memory, Virtual Memory 4.1.2 Memory Management Unit 4.1.3 Address translation
Course Outcome: CO3 Teaching Hours: 10hrs Marks: 16(R-4, U-6, A-6) 4. System Memory and Peripherals mory ed 4.1 Memory System Architecture 4.1.1 Cache Memory, Virtual Memory 4.1.2 Memory Management Unit 4.1.3 Address translation 4.2 Memory Technologies
Course Outcome: CO3 Teaching Hours:10hrs Marks: 16(R-4, U-6, A-6) 4. System Memory and Peripherals 4.1 Memory System Architecture 4.1.1 Cache Memory, Virtual Memory 4.1.2 Memory Management Unit 4.1.3 Address translation
Sensors: Humidity, Temperature, Ultrasonic, PIR, GAS sensor, Light Sensor (LDR).

TLO5b. Understand the architecture and functionality of an RTOS, focusing on MicroC/OS-II. TLO5c. Develop and manage tasks, semaphores, and communication mechanisms. TLO5d. Handle synchronization and prevent deadlocks in real-time systems. TLO5e. Design time-critical applications using RTOS features like scheduling	4.3.1 Watchdog Timer 4.3.2 DMA Controller Course Outcome: CO4 Teaching Hours:6hrs Marks: 6(R- 2, U-4, A) 5. Real Time Operating System 5.1 Types of Operating Systems: General purpose, RTOS, Soft/Hard RTOS 5.2 Architecture of an RTOS- MicroC/OS-II 5.2.1 Foreground/Background Systems. 5.2.2 Resources. 5.2.3 Multitasking. 5.2.4 Tasks-Task states, Creating a Task, Deleting a Task. 5.2.5 Kernels. 5.2.6 Schedulers. 5.2.7 Non-Preemptive Kernels. 5.2.8 Preemptive Kernels. 5.2.9 Deadlock (or Deadly Embrace). 5.2.10 Semaphore Management and mail box. 5.2.11 Time Management-Delaying a Task. Course Outcome: CO5 Marks: 16(R- 4, U-6, A-6)
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V. Laboratory Learning Outcome and Aligned Practical / Tutorial Experiences.

No	Learning Outcome (LLO) LLO a. Understand the Arduino	Ligned Practical / Tutorial Experient Laboratory Experiment / Practical Titles / Tutorial Titles To study of Arduino IDE	Number of hrs.	Releva nt COs
	Environment LLO b. Familiarity with Programming Workflow	or radamo IDE	2	CO3
2	LLO a. Understand the Concept of Sensor Data Acquisition. LLO b. Configure USB Serial Communication.	To study sensor information acquisition in Arduino IDE using USB serial interface.	2	CO3
3	LLO a. Control LED Behavior LLO b. Understand LCD Module Basic.	To interface LED and LCD module with Arduino.	2	CO3
4	LLO a. Understand the Working Principle of Humidity Sensors	To interface Humidity sensor module with Arduino.	2	CO3

	LLO b. Connect the Humidity		T	T
	Sensor to Arduino.			
5	LLO a. Understand the Working Principle of LM35 Temperature Sensor. LLO b. Read Temperature Data Using Arduino	To interface temperature sensor module(LM-35) with Arduino.	2	CO3
6	LLO a. Connect the Ultrasonic Sensor to Arduino LLO b. Use the pulseIn() Function. LLO c. Display Distance Data on the Serial Monitor	To interface Ultrasonic sensor module with Arduino.	2	CO3
7	LLO a. Use Digital Input to Detect Motion. LLO b. Display Motion Detection Status on the Serial Monitor.	To interface PIR sensor module with Arduino.	2	CO3
8	LLO a. Read Gas Concentration Data. LLO b. Display Gas Concentration on the Serial Monitor.	To interface GAS sensor module with Arduino.	2	CO3
9	LLO a. Understand Relay Triggering and Switching LLO b. Use Digital Output to Control Relay	To interface Relay module with Arduino.	2	CO3
10	Principle of Stepper Motors. LLO b. Control Stepper Motor Speed and Direction	To interface stepper motor module with Arduino:	2	CO3
11	LLO a. Connect the Servo Motor to Arduino LLO b. Control Servo Motor Position Using Arduino.	To interface Servo motor module with Arduino.	2	CO3
12	LLO a. Learn How to Create Tasks in MicroC/OS-II. LLO b. Write Task Entry Functions	To create and delete task using MicroC/OS-II	2	CO5
13	LLO a. Learn the Functionality of Semaphores in MicroC/OS-II. LLO b. Create and delete Semaphores in MicroC/OS-II.	To create and delete semaphore using MicroC/OS-II	2	CO5

14	LLO a. Learn the Importance of Task Timing.	To create Delay in the task.	2	CO5
15	LLO a. Create, delete and sending message to a Mailbox in MicroC/OS-II	To Create, Delete Mailbox and sending message to mailbox.	2	CO5

Note: 10 to 12 experiments should be performed in a term for completion of TW

VI. Suggested Micro Project / Assignment/ Activities for Specific Learning / Skills Development (Self Learning): (Minimum 10 Assignments)

- Assignment based on Basics of Embedded Systems-Define of Embedded System, Block diagram, Differentiate: RISC and CISC, Von-Neumann/Harvard Architecture, Characteristics and classification of Embedded Systems.
- 2. Assignment based on Features of ATMega 328P Microcontroller and Arduino, Functional Block Diagram of Arduino Uno, Functions of each pin of Arduino Uno and programming.
- 3. Assignment based on memory-Classification, management.
- 4. Micro projects
 - 1. LED Blink (Basic)
 - 2. Temperature Monitoring System
 - 3. Humidity Sensor with LCD Display
 - 4. Ultrasonic Distance Meter
 - 5. PIR Motion Detection
 - 6. Automatic Street Light
 - 7. Digital Thermometer with LCD
 - 8. Simple Digital Voltmeter
 - 9. IR Remote Control for LED
 - 10. Simple Home Automation System
 - 11. Servo Motor Control with Potentiometer
 - 12. LCD Clock (Real-Time Clock)
 - 13. Temperature and Humidity Display with Web Interface
 - 14. Smart Plant Watering System
 - 15. Traffic Light Control System

VII. Specification Table:

Unit		Distribution of Theory Marks				
No	Topic Title	R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks	
1	Basics of Embedded Systems	2	6	2	10	
2	AVR Microcontroller	4	4	4	12	
3	Arduino Uno IDE and Interfacing	4	6	6	16	
4	System Memory and Peripherals	2	4	-	06	
5	Real Time Operating System	4	6	6	16	
	Total		35.		60	

VI1I.Assessment Methodologies/Tools

Formative assessment (Assessment for Learning)

Rubrics for continuous assessment based on process and product related performance indicators (25 marks)

Summative Assessment (Assessment of Learning)

End term examination, Viva-voce, Workshop performance (25 marks)

IX. Suggested COs - POs Matrix Form

Course Outcom es (COs)	Programme Outcomes (POs)							Sp Out	grami ecific tcome (SOs)	es es
	PO-1 Basic and Disciplin e Specific Knowled ge	Proble m Analys	Design/ Developme	Enginee ring Tools	Engineering and Practices	PO-6 Project Manage ment	PO-7 Life Long Learning	PSO - 1	PSO - 2	PSO -3
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1
CO2	3	_	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	-	2	-	1	1
CO4	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	1
CO5	3	3	3	2	2	-	2	1	-	1
Legends	- High:03	, Mediu	m:02, Low:0	1, No Ma	ipping:					

X. Suggested Learning Materials / Books

Sr. No	Author	Title	Publisher
1	Raj Kamal	Embedded Systems: Architecture, Programming and Design	McGraw Hill Education, 3rd Edition, 2017
2	David Russell	Introduction to Embedded Systems: Using ANSI C and the Arduino Development Environment	McGraw-Hill, 2010
3	Frank Vahid, Tony Givargis	Embedded Systems Design: A Unified Hardware/Software Introduction	Wiley, 2002
4	Jean J. Labrosse	MicroC/OS-II-The Real-Time Kernel	CMP Books-3rd Edition

XI. Learning Websites & Portals

Sr. No	Link/Portal	Description
1	www.arduino.cc	Basics of Arduino
2	https://projecthub.arduino.cc	All projects
3	https://all3dp.com	arduino-project
4	https://researchguides.dartmouth.edu	arduino-project
5	https://projecthub.arduino.cc/	Simulation of Topics
6	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki	arduino-project
7	https://nevonprojects.com/	arduino-project
8	https://www.slashgear.com	arduino-project

XII. Academic Consultation Committee/Industry Consultation Committee:

Sr.	Name	Designation	Institute/Organization
No			
1	Mr.Anjum Mujawar	Selection grade Lecturer in Electronics	Vidyalankar Polytechnic,wadala, Mumbai
2	Mr Abhijit Patil	Lecturer in Electronics	Xaviers Polytechnic, Mumbai
3	Mr Vivek Yograj Patil	Lecturer in Electronics	Government Polytechnic, Mumbai
4	Mrs. Archana D Kalyankar	Lecturer in Electronics	Government Polytechnic, Mumbai

Coordinator

Curriculum Development,

Department of Electronics Engineering

Head of Departments Department of Electronics Engineering

I/C, Curriculum Development Cell

Government Polytechnic, Mumbai

Government Polytechnic, Mumbai

Embedded System (EC23111)

APPROVED d

Approved co

G. P. Mumbai

P-23 scheme

Programme: Diploma in Electronics Engineering (Sandwich pattern)													
Cou	rse Co	de : E	C23112	2 Co	ourse Title	e: Po	wer]	Electroni	ics				
Compulsory / Optional: Compulsory													
Lear	ning (Schem	e and C	Credits		Asse	ssme	nt Schen	ne				
						FA-	-ТН	SA-	FA-	SA			
CL	TL	LL	SLH	NLH	Credits	T1	T2	TH (2:30 Hrs.)	PR	PR	OR	SLA	Total
3	-	4	01	8	4	20	20	60	50	25#	-	3	200

Total IKS Hrs. for course:

Abbreviations: CL- Class Room Learning, TL- Tutorial Learning, LL- Laboratory Learning, SLH-Self Learning Hours, NLH-Notional Learning Hours, FA - Formative Assessment, SA -Summative assessment, SLA- Self Learning Assessment

Legends: @ Internal Assessment, # External Assessment, *# On Line Examination, @\$ Internal Online Examination

Note:

- 1. FA-TH represents an two class tests of 20 marks each conducted during the term.
- 2. SA-TH represents the end term examination.
- 3. FA-PR represents the term work
- 4. SA-PR represents the end term practical examination.

I. Rationale:

It is necessary for the students to study and apply the basic principles, analyse and troubleshoot simple circuits like controlled rectifier, light dimmer, battery charger etc. To acquire this level of understanding, the basic knowledge of power semiconductor devices and circuit is essential. This Course is one of the core subject which is deals with construction, working principle, application of power semiconductor devices as well as it deals with some sophisticated power electronics systems and complex circuits such as choppers, inverters etc. Which helps students to work in industrial environment.

II. Industry / Employer Expected Outcome:

The course is designed to have a strong understanding of power electronics circuits, including the ability to design, analyze, and implement circuits involving components such as SCRs, MOSFETs, IGBTs, and diodes in real-world applications like motor control, power conversion, and lighting systems.

III. Course Outcomes: Students will be able to achieve & demonstrate the following COs on completion of course based learning

CO1	Understand the construction, working principles, and characteristics of power
COI	semiconductor devices.
CO2	Analyze various SCR triggering methods, protection circuits, and commutation techniques.
CO3	Design controlled rectifier circuits for different load conditions and analyze their
003	waveforms,
CO4	Understand operation and Analyze characteristics of various chopper types,
CO5	Analyze and design single-phase inverter circuits, and understand their classification,

IV. Course Content Details:

	ourse Content Details:	
Unit No.	Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's) aligned to CO's	Topics / Sub-topics
140.	(1LO's)augued to CO's	
	TLO1a. Develop an in-depth	Power Semiconductor Devices:
	understanding of	1.1 SCR introduction
	power semiconductor devices, their	1.1.1 Construction, symbol, working principle and V-I characteristics.
	construction,	1.1.2 Definitions: Holding current, latching
	operation, and characteristics.	current, firing angles, conduction angle and break over voltage.
1		1.2 Thyristor Family Devices: Construction, symbol,
	TLO1b. Analyze and interpret	working principle, V-I characteristics and
	the functional role of	application
	each device in	1.2.1 TRIAC
	practical applications.	1.2.2 Power MOSFET
		1.2.3 IGBT
	TLO1c. Acquire the ability to	1.3 Triggering Devices: Construction, symbol,
	design and explain	working principle, V-I characteristics and
	basic industrial circuits	application.
	utilizing power	1.3.1 DIAC
	electronics components.	1.3.2 UJT
		1.4 Industrial Circuits: Circuit diagram and working principle
		1.4.1 Light dimmer using TRIAC
		1.4.2 Battery charger using SCR
		Course Outcome: CO1 Teaching Hours: 10 hrs
		Marks: 12 (R- 4, U-4, A-4)

	TLO2a. Develop an	SCD Town ON B. 4 4
	understanding of	SCR Turn ON, Protection circuits and SCR Turn
	various SCR turn-on	OFF methods
		2.1 SCR turn on methods.
	methods and their	2.2 Gate trigger circuits: Circuit diagram, working
	significance in power	principle, waveforms.
	electronics.	2.2.1 Resistance triggering circuit
	PDF 0.00	2.2.2 R-C triggering circuit
	TLO2b. Analyze the design and	888
	operation of gate	be a series of the series of t
	trigger circuits and	working
2	protection mechanisms.	principle.
		2.3.1 dv/dt protection
	TLO2c. Gain knowledge about	2.3.2 di/dt protection
	natural and forced	2.4 Natural commutation: circuit diagram & working
	commutation methods	principle
	and their role in turning	2.5 Forced commutation: circuit diagram & working
	off SCRs.	principle.
	on sers.	2.5.1 Type A
		2.5.2 Type B
		2.5.3 Type C
	A. Topost	2.6 Gate drive Circuits for IGBT
		Course Outcome: CO2 Teaching Hours: 8 hrs
		Marks: 12 (R-4, U-6, A-2)
	TLO3a. Develop a thorough	Controlled Rectifier
	understanding of	3.1 Control Techniques:- Phase angle control (Firing
	control techniques used	angle control), Extinction angle control, Pulse
	in rectifier circuits and	width Modulation (PWM) control
	their effect on output	3.2 Single-phase half wave controlled rectifiers with
	performance.	resistive load, inductive load (with and without
		freewheeling diode): Circuit diagram, working
	TLO3b. Gain the ability to	principle, waveforms.
3	design and analyze	3.3 Single-phase half wave controlled rectifiers with
	single-phase rectifier	resistive load, inductive load (with and without
	circuits for various load	freewheeling diode): Circuit diagram, working
	conditions.	principle, waveforms.
		3.4 Single-phase full wave (bridge configurations)
	TLO3c. Evaluate the role of	controlled rectifiers with resistive load and
	freewheeling diodes in	inductive load (with and without freewheeling
	improving rectifier	diode): Circuit diagram, working principle,
	performance and	waveforms Effect of from health a 1'd 1
	reducing losses.	waveforms, Effect of freewheeling diodes 3.5 Electric drives
	3	
		B F F THE STATE OF THE CITY CS
		3.5.2 Single phase Full Converter drives
		Course Outcome: CO3 Teaching Hours: 8 hrs
		Marks: 12 (R-4, U-4, A-4)
		-

TLO4a. Develop a understanding of chopper circuits, their classification, and applications. TLO4b. Analyze the operation of different chopper types through circuit diagrams, working principles, and waveforms. TLO4c. Compare various chopper configurations in terms of functionality, operational quadrants, and typical applications. TLO5a. Understand the fundamental principles and classification of	
diagram and working. TLO4b. Analyze the operation of different chopper types through circuit diagrams, working principles, and waveforms. TLO4c. Compare various chopper configurations in terms of functionality, operational quadrants, and typical applications. TLO5a. Understand the fundamental principles classification, and applications, and diagram and working. Types of chopper: Circuit diagram, working principles and waveforms 4.2.1 Step up chopper (Boost converter) using SCR. 4.2.2 Step down chopper (Buck converter) using SCR. 4.2.3 First quadrant or class A chopper. 4.2.4 Second quadrant or class B chopper. 4.2.5 Second quadrant or class B chopper. 4.2.6 Urrent limit Control 4.2.7 Current limit Control 4.2.8 Second quadrant or class B chopper. 4.2.9 Step down chopper (Buck converter) using SCR. 4.2.1 Step up chopper (Buck converter) using SCR. 4.2.2 Step down chopper (Buck converter) using SCR. 4.2.3 First quadrant or class B chopper. 4.2.4 Second quadrant or class B chopper. 4.2.5 Source filters in Choppers: 4.2 Current limit Control 4.3 A.C. Choppers: Circuit diagram, working principles and waveforms 4.4 Output Voltage Control Strategies for d.c. Choppers: 4.5 Source filters in Choppers: 4.6 Course Outcome: CO4 Teaching Hours: 16 Marks: 12 (R-4, U-4, A-4)	
classification, and applications. 4 TLO4b. Analyze the operation of different chopper types through circuit diagrams, working principles, and waveforms. TLO4c. Compare various chopper configurations in terms of functionality, operational quadrants, and typical applications. TLO5a. Understand the fundamental principles classification, and applications. 4.2 Types of chopper: Circuit diagram, working principles and waveforms 4.2.1 Step up chopper (Boost converter) using SCR. 4.2.2 Step down chopper (Buck converter) using SCR. 4.2.3 First quadrant or class A chopper. 4.3 A.C. Choppers: Circuit diagram, working principles and waveforms 4.4.2 Second quadrant or class B chopper. 4.4.3 First quadrant or class B chopper. 4.4.4 Second quadrant or class B chopper. 4.4.5 Current limit Control 4.4.6 Current limit Control 4.4.7 Time-ratio control 4.4.8 Current limit Control 4.4.9 Current limit Control 4.4.9 Current limit Control 4.4.1 Time-ratio control 4.4.2 Current limit Control 4.4.3 First quadrant or class B chopper. 4.4 Output Voltage Control Strategies for d.c. Choppers: 4.5 Source filters in Choppers: 4.6 TLO5a. Understand the fundamental principles 4.7 Types of chopper: Circuit diagram, working principles	
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4.2.1 Step up chopper (Boost converter) using SCR. 4.2.2 Step down chopper (Buck converter) using SCR. 4.2.3 First quadrant or class A chopper. 4.2.4 Second quadrant or class B chopper. 4.2.5 Step down chopper (Buck converter) using SCR. 4.2.6 Step down chopper (Buck converter) using SCR. 4.2.7 Step up chopper (Boost converter) using SCR. 4.2.8 Step down chopper (Buck converter) using SCR. 4.2.9 Step down chopper (Buck converter) using SCR. 4.2.0 Step down chopper (Buck converter) using SCR. 4.2.1 Step up chopper (Boost converter) using SCR. 4.2.2 Step down chopper (Buck converter) using SCR. 4.2.3 First quadrant or class B chopper. 4.3 A.C. Choppers: Circuit diagram, working principles and waveforms 4.4 Output Voltage Control Strategies for d.c. Choppers: and typical applications. 4.5 Source filters in Choppers: 4.6 Course Outcome: CO4 Teaching Hours: 16 Marks: 12 (R-4, U-4, A-4) TLO5a. Understand the fundamental principles 5.1 Introduction, Classification of inverters according	•
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of different chopper types through circuit diagrams, working principles, and waveforms. TLO4c. Compare various chopper configurations in terms of functionality, operational quadrants, and typical applications. TLO5a. Understand the fundamental principles of different chopper types through circuit SCR. 4.2.3 First quadrant or class A chopper. 4.2.4 Second quadrant or class B chopper. 4.2.5 Choppers: Circuit diagram, working prince and waveforms 4.2.6 Choppers: Circuit diagram, working prince and waveforms 4.2.7 Step down chopper (Buck converter) to SCR. 4.2.8 First quadrant or class A chopper. 4.2.9 Second quadrant or class B chopper. 4.2.9 Current limit Control 4.2.0 Current limit Control 4.2.1 Time-ratio control 4.2.1 Time-ratio control 4.2.2 Current limit Control 4.2.3 First quadrant or class A chopper. 4.2.4 Second quadrant or class B chopper. 4.2.5 Choppers: Circuit diagram, working prince 4.2.6 Current limit Control 4.2.7 Current limit Control 4.2.8 Current limit Control 4.2.9 Current limit Control 4.3 Current limit Control 4.4.9 Current limit Control 4.5 Source filters in Choppers: 4.5 Course Outcome: CO4 4.6 Choppers 4.7 Current limit Control 4.7 Current limit Control 4.8 Current limit Control 4.9 C	Б
types through circuit diagrams, working principles, and waveforms. TLO4c. Compare various chopper configurations in terms of functionality, operational quadrants, and typical applications. TLO5a. Understand the fundamental principles Types through circuit diagrams, working 4.2.3 First quadrant or class A chopper. 4.2.4 Second quadrant or class B chopper. 4.2.5 Choppers: Circuit diagram, working principles 4.4 Output Voltage Control Strategies for d.c. Chop 4.4.1 Time-ratio control 4.4.2 Current limit Control 4.5 Source filters in Choppers: Course Outcome: CO4 Teaching Hours: 16 Marks: 12 (R-4, U-4, A-4) TLO5a. Understand the fundamental principles Throat Course Outcome: CO4 Teaching Hours: 16 Marks: 12 (R-4, U-4, A-4)	ing
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principles, and waveforms. 4.2.4 Second quadrant or class B chopper. 4.3 A.C. Choppers: Circuit diagram, working principles and waveforms 4.4 Output Voltage Control Strategies for d.c. Chopters: Output Control strategies for d.c. Chopters: A.1 Time-ratio control strategies for d.c. Chopters: A.2 Current limit Control strategies for d.c. Chopters: A.3 A.C. Choppers: Circuit diagram, working principles and waveforms 4.4 Output Voltage Control Strategies for d.c. Chopters: A.3 A.C. Choppers: Circuit diagram, working principles and waveforms 4.4 Output Voltage Control Strategies for d.c. Chopters: A.3 A.C. Choppers: Circuit diagram, working principles and waveforms 4.5 Source filters in Choppers: A.4 Output Voltage Control Strategies for d.c. Chopters: A.4 Output Voltage Control	
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chopper configurations in terms of functionality, operational quadrants, and typical applications. Course Outcome: CO4 Teaching Hours: 16 Marks: 12 (R-4, U-4, A-4) TLO5a. Understand the fundamental principles The sum of functionality, and typical applications. Course Outcome: CO4 Teaching Hours: 10 Marks: 12 (R-4, U-4, A-4) Inverter 5.1 Introduction, Classification of inverters according	
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Course Outcome: CO4 Teaching Hours: 10 Marks: 12 (R-4, U-4, A-4) TLO5a. Understand the fundamental principles TLO5a. Understand the fundamental principles 5.1 Introduction, Classification of inverters according	
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and algorification of	ю
Interest Sources, American Property and Prop	
inverters based on connection of thyristor and commutating component	at.
different operational 5.2. Types of inverters: Working principle and operation	
characteristics. 5.2.1 Series inverter	
5.2.2 Possible investor	
TLO5b. Analyze the working 5.2.2 Parallel inverter principles and 5.3 Single phase SCR bridge Inverter: Circuit diagram	
1 1 1000 1 1 1000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	,
waveforms of various working principle and waveforms	'
inverter configurations, 5.3.1 10 half bridge inverter	
5 5,3.2 10 Full bridge inverter	
1 LOSC. Develop the ability to 5.4 Voltage control of single phase inverters	
compare different inverter types and 5.4.1 External control of A.C. Output Voltage	
choose appropriate 5.4.2 External control of D.C. Input Voltage	
configurations for	
specific applications	- 1
Course Outcome: COS Teaching Hours: 91	
Marks: 12 (R- 4, U- 4, A-4)	rs

V. Laboratory Learning Outcome and Aligned Practical / Tutorial Experiences.

Sr	Practical / Tutorial / Laboratory	Laboratory Experiment /	Num	Dalas
No	Learning Outcome (LLO)	Practical Titles / Tutorial Titles	ber of hrs.	Relev ant COs
1	LLO 1a: Understand experimental setup of power devices. LLO1b: Understand the significance and operation of SCR and TRIAC characteristics.	A. Verify the V-I characteristics of SCR.B. Verify the V-I characteristic of TRIAC	4	COI
2	LLO2a: Understand how SCRs are triggered using an R circuit. LLO2b: Learn how the R value influences the firing angle by varying resistance LLO2c: Measure the firing angle of the SCR and interpret its effects on circuit performance.	Observe firing angle control of SCR using R triggering method.	4	CO2
3	LLO3a: Learn the principles of half-wave Controlled rectification by controlled firing of the SCR. LLO3b: Observe and understand how the output waveform changes as the firing angle is varied.	Observe the waveform of half wave controlled rectifier for variable firing angle.	4	CO3
4	LLO4a: Learn step-down chopper operation using SCR. LLO4b: Learn to observe and analyze waveforms at different points in the circuit, such as the input, output, across the load, and the SCR terminals.	Test waveforms at various points of step up chopper using SCR	4	CO4
5	LLO5a: Learn how a TRIAC is used in light dimmer circuits to control the intensity of light	Test light dimmer circuit using Triode for Alternating Current (TRIAC)	4	CO1
6	LLO6a: Understanding the working principle of a series inverter, LLO6b: Recognize and understand the function of major components in the circuit, such as SCRs, Commutating Capacitors, Inductors, Diodes, Load.	Trace the series inverter circuit and list the major components of the circuit, sketch the observed waveforms and measure voltage levels.	4	CO5
7	LLO7a: Understand experimental setup of power devices. LLO7b: Understand the significance	A. Verify the V-I characteristic of power MOSFET.	4	COI

	and operation of MOSFET and DIAC characteristics	B. Verify the V-I characteristic of DIAC.	ic	
8	LLO8a: Understand how SCRs are triggered using an RC circuit.	Observe firing angle control of SCR using RC triggering method.	f 4	CO2
	LLO8b: Learn how the RC network influences the firing angle by varying resistance and capacitance values			
	LLO8b: Measure the firing angle of the SCR and interpret its effects on circuit performance.			
9	LLO9a: Develop an understanding of rectification principles.	Observe the waveform of full wave controlled rectifier for	1	CO3
	LLO9b: Understand the influence of firing angle on output voltage, current, and overall circuit performance.	variable firing angle		
10	LLO10a: Learn step-down chopper operation using SCR.	Test waveforms at various points of step down chopper using SCR	4	CO4
	LLO10b: Learn to observe and analyze waveforms at different points in the circuit, such as the input, output, across the load, and the SCR terminals.	. 1960		
11	LLO11a: understanding the working principle of a parallel inverter,	Trace the parallel inverter circuit and list the major components of the circuit, sketch the observed	4	CO5
	the function of major components in the circuit, such as SCRs, Commutating Capacitors, Inductors, Diodes, Load.	waveforms and measure voltage levels.		
12	LLO12a: Learn the principle of operation of a battery charger circuit utilizing SCR	Test Battery charger circuit using SCR	4	COI
	LLO12b: Understand how the SCR regulates charging current.			

			T	
13	LLO13a: Understand the basic working principle of a relaxation oscillator and the role of the Uni-Junction Transistor (UJT) in generating periodic waveforms.	Observe the output waveforms of relaxation oscillator using Uni- Junction Transistor(UJT)	4	CO2
	LLO13b: Understand how the resistor and capacitor values influence the frequency of oscillation(RC time constant)			
14	LLO14a: Understand the role of various protection circuits in safeguarding SCRs from damage.	Case study on protection circuit of SCR	4	CO2
15	LLO15a: Apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills LLO15b: preparing the students for future industrial electronics work.	Mini project: Group of two students should prepare PCB with tested circuit mounted on it for any Industrial electronics application circuit. For example. SCR flasher, Emergency lighting system and/or any	4	CO1,2 ,3,4,5
		circuit from practical list.	60	

Note: 10 to 12 experiments should be performed in a term for completion of TW

VI. Suggested Micro Project / Assignment/ Activities for Specific Learning / Skills Development (Self Learning): (Minimum 10 Assignments)

I TALL THE

Group of two students should prepare PCB with tested circuit mounted on it for any Industrial electronics application circuit. and/or any circuit from practical list.

VII. Specification Table:

Unit		Distribution of Theory Marks					
No.	Topic Title	R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks		
1	Power Semiconductor devices	4	4	4	12		
2	SCR Turn ON, Protection circuits and SCR Turn OFF methods	4	6	2	12		
3	Controlled Rectifier	4	4	4	12		
4	Chopper	4	4	4	12		
5	Inverter	4	4	4	12		
Total		20	22	18	60		

VIII. Assessment Methodologies/Tools

Formative assessment (Assessment for Learning)

Rubrics for continuous assessment based on process and product related performance indicators (50marks)

Summative Assessment (Assessment of Learning)

End term examination, Viva-voce, Practical performance (25 marks)

IX. Suggested COs - POs Matrix Form

Course	Programme								Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)	
Outcomes (COs)	PO-1 Basic and Discipline	PO-2 Problem	PO-3 Design/ Developm ent of Solutions	Engin eering Tools	Sustainabilit	Project Manag ement	PO-7 Life Long Learning	1	PSO - 2	PSO-3
CO1	2	1	1	3		1	1	2	1	1
CO2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1
CO3	2	1	2	1	1	Y_{i}	2	2	2	1
CO4	1	1	2	3	2	2 %	1	2	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2

X. Suggested Learning Materials / Books

Sr.	Title	Author, Publisher, Edition and	ISBN
No.		Year of publication	
1	Power electronics	M. D. Singh & K.B. khanchandani, Mcgraw-hill	978-
		publishing, 2 nd edition 1998	0070583894
2	Industrial &	Harish rai, umesh publication, 1/e edition 2018	978-
	power electronics		9386827869
3	Power electronics	P. S. Bimbhra, Khanna publishers; 5 th edition 1990	978-
			8174092793
4	Power electronics	Munammad h. Rashid, Pearson Education., 3 nd edition,	978-
		2014	9332535770

XI. Academic Consultation Committee/Industry Consultation Committee:

Sr. No	Name	Designation	Institute/Organisation
1	Mr. S. N. Isal	Director, Techmahoday Mumbai	Mumbai
2	Mrs. A. M. Ghadge	Lecturer, Electronics Engineering	Government Polytechnic Thane
3	Dr. S. D. Pabale	HoD, Electronics Engineering	Government Polytechnic Mumbai
4	Ms. P. A. Khande	Lecturer, Electronics Engineering	Government Polytechnic Mumbai

Coordinator

Curriculum Development,

Department of Electronics Engineering

Head of Departments

Department of Electronics Engineering

I/C, Curriculum Development Cell

Government Polytechnic, Mumbai

Principal

Government Polytechnic, Mumbai

HONLED

Power Electronics(EC23112)

G. P. Mumbai

P-23 Scheme

Prog	gramn	ne : D	iploma	in Elec	tronics En	iginee	ring	(Sandwid	ch patt	ern)			
Course Code: EC23201 Course Titl				e: Mic	crows	ave and I	RADAI	R Eng	ineerin	g			
Com	pulso	ry / O	ptional	: Optio	nal								
Lear	ning :	Schen	ne and (Credits		Assessment Scheme							
						FA-7	ГН	SA- TH		SA			Total
CL	TL	LL	LL SLH NI	NLH	H Credits	T1	T2	(2Hrs. 30 min.)	FA- PR	PR	OR	SLA	
3	1	2	-	6	3	20	20	60	25	_	50@	-	175

Total IKS Hrs. for course:

Abbreviations: CL- Class Room Learning, TL- Tutorial Learning, LL- Laboratory Learning, SLH-Self Learning Hours, NLH-Notional Learning Hours, FA - Formative Assessment, SA -Summative assessment, SLA- Self Learning Assessment

Legends: @ Internal Assessment, # External Assessment, *# On Line Examination, @\$ Internal Online Examination

Note:

- 1. FA-TH represents total of two class tests of 20 marks each conducted during the term.
- 2. SA-TH represents the end term examination.
- 3. FA-PR represents the term work
- 4. SA-OR represents the end term oral examination.

I. Rationale:

Electronic communication plays vital role in our daily life. Now a days modern high capacity telecom networks based on microwave principles mobile communication and radar systems becomes integral part of industry, society and other organizations. This course has been designed to develop skills in the diploma engineers to maintain microwave and RADAR based communication systems

II. Industry / Employer Expected Outcome

The study of Microwave and RADAR Engineering will equip students with specific skills and knowledge that are highly valued by employers and essential for various industries. It will help students to maintain microwave and RADAR based communication systems.

III. Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to achieve & demonstrate the following COs on completion of course based learning

CO1	Use specified waveguides in microwave communication.
CO2	Use microwave components and microwave test bench setup
CO3	Use relevant microwave semiconductor devices for various applications.
CO4	Interpret RADAR based Systems for range detection.
CO5	Maintain various types of RADAR system for the specified application.

IV. Course Content Details:

Unit	Theory Learning Outcomes	Topics / Sub-topics
No.	(TLO's) aligned to CO's	
1	TLO1a. Need of microwave communication system. TLO1b. Define TEM/TE/TM/HE, cut off frequency of a waveguide, guide wave length, phase velocity, group velocity. TLO1c. Draw and explain dominant mode in rectangular waveguide. TLO1d. Explain the propagation of wave in rectangular waveguide. TLO1e. Compare waveguide and two-wire transmission line.	waveguide: 1.4.1 Field patterns for dominant mode, 1.4.2 Advantages and applications of circular waveguide
		Course Outcome: CO1 Teaching Hour: 6 Hrs. TT 2 Hrs. Marks: 08 (R- 4, U-4, A)
	TLO2a. Draw and explain working	2 Waveguide Passive components:
	of isolator, circulator and	Pares y assire components.
	gyrator.	2.1 Ferrites components: Isolators, circulators and
	TLO2b. Explain waveguide bends	gyrator
	and corners, Twists. TLO2c. Draw and explain working	2.2 Accessories (Flanges, Rotating coupling, Bends and corners, Taper and Twist).
2	of H- plane TEE, E-Plane	2.3 Multiple Junctions - E plane, H- plane and Magic

	TEE, E-H Plane TEE.	Tee junction, Terminators.
	TLO2d. Draw and explain working	
	of Multi-hole directional	2.4 Directional coupler- Two hole directional coupler
	coupler	Working principle and applications, directivity,
	ap.o.	coupling factor and isolation
		Course Outcome: CO2 Teaching Hour: 10 Hrs. TT 3 Hrs. Marks: 12 (R- 2, U-6, A-4)
	TLO3a. State principle and draw	3 Waveguide Active components:
	construction of multi cavity	•
	(two cavities) klystron,	3.1 Microwave tubes: Construction, working
	Reflex Klystron amplifier,	principle and applications of
	Travelling wave tube,	3.1.1 Two cavity Klystron amplifier
	Magnetron.	3.1.2 Reflex Klystron
3	TLO3b.Draw the construction and	3.1.3 Magnetron
	working of PIN, IMPATT,	3.1.4 TWT.
	Tunnel and Gunn diode.	3.2 Compare the performance of Two cavity
	TLO3c. Compare the Two cavity	Klystron, Magnetron and TWT
	Klystron, Magnetron and	3.3 Microwave semiconductor devices: Construction,
	TWT.	working principle and applications of
		3.2.1 Gunn diode, Gunn diode as an oscillator
		3.2.2 IMPATT diode
		3.2.3 PIN diode, PIN diode as an amplifier and
		oscillator
		3.2.4 Tunnel diode.
		Course Outcome: CO3 Teaching Hour: 12 Hrs.
	200	TT4 Hrs. Marks: 16 (R- 2, U-6, A-8)
	TLO4.a Describe with relevant	4 RADAR Fundamentals:
	sketch functions of the	41 P
	given component of the	4.1 Basic block diagram of RADAR system.
	RADAR system.	4.2 RADAR performance factors:
	TLO4.b Calculate the maximum	4.2.1 RADAR range equation
	RADAR range for the	4.2.2 Factors influencing max. Range 4.2.3 Effect of noise.
	given data.	Pr. Hard State Co. L. S. State State Co. L. State S
	TLO4.c State the effect on the	4.3 Basic pulse Radar system: Block diagram and
	RADAR range for the	working principle, applications
	given parameters.	4.4 Antenna scanning (Definition, types and principle):
	TLO4.d Explain with relevant sketch the given type of	4.4.1 Horizontal
	scanning and tracking	4.4.2 Vertical
	methods used for RADAR.	4.4.3 Helical
	and the last terms.	4.4.4 Spiral.
		4.5 Antenna tracking (Types and principle):
		4.5.1 Sequential
		4.5.2 Conical
		4.5.3 Monopulse
		1
		Course Outcome: CO4 Teaching Hours: 08Hrs.
		TT3 Hrs. Marks:12 (R-4, U-4, A-4)

Г	TLO5.a Explain with relevant sketch working principle	5 RADAR Systems
	of the given type of RADAR. FLO5.b Describe the application of given type of RADAR.	5.1 Display Methods: 5.1.1 A-Scope 5.1.2 PPI 5.1.3 Automatic target detection
	SLO5.c Describe with relevant sketch working principle of the given type of display used with RADAR system.	5.2 Doppler Effect: Statement 5.3 Block diagram and working of: 5.3.1 CW Doppler RADAR 5.3.2 FM CW Doppler RADAR 5.3.4 MTI RADAR.
	FLO5.d Compare CW and Pulsed RADAR for the given parameters.	Course Outcome: CO5 Teaching Hours: 9 Hrs. TT 3 Hrs. Marks:12(R- 2, U-4, A-6)

V. Laboratory Learning Outcome and Aligned Practical / Tutorial Experiences.

Sr.	Prac	ctical / Tutorial / Laboratory	Laboratory Experiment /	No. of	Rele
No.	Learni	ng Outcome (LLO)	Practical Titles / Tutorial Titles	hrs.	vant
1	LLO1	Use given microwave test bench setup for writing specifications of Microwave Test Bench and five major Microwave components.	Write specifications of Microwave Test Bench and five major components.	2	COs
2	LLO1	Use given microwave test bench setup for measuring characteristics of Reflex Klystron.	Demonstrate characteristics of Reflex Klystron.	2	CO2
3	LLO1	Use given microwave test bench setup for measuring characteristics of microwave E- plane tee	Demonstrate characteristics of microwave tees E-plane.	2	CO2
4	LLO1	Use given microwave test bench setup for measuring characteristics of microwave H- plane tee	Demonstrate characteristics of microwave tees H plane.	2	CO2
5	LLO1	Use given microwave test bench setup for measuring characteristics of microwave E-H plane tee.	Demonstrate characteristics of microwave tees E-H plane.	2	CO2
6	LLO1	Use given microwave test bench to Measure VSWR for the given microwave load	Measure VSWR for the given microwave load	2	CO2
7	LLO1	Use given microwave test bench to Measure attenuation of the given attenuator	Measure attenuation of the given attenuator	2	CO2

8	LLOI	Use given microwave test bench setup for measuring characteristics of Isolators.	Demonstrate characteristics of Isolators.	2	CO2
9	LLO1	Use given microwave test bench setup for measuring characteristics of Circulators. Analyze frequency response of it	Demonstrate characteristics of circulators.	2	CO2
10	LLO1	Use given microwave test bench setup for measuring characteristics of Multi hole directional coupler.	Demonstrate properties of Multi hole Directional coupler.	2	CO2
11	LLO1	Test the performance of Gunn Diode for the following aspects i) V-I characteristics	Verify V-I Characteristics of Gunn Diode	2	CO3
12	LLO1	Use Doppler RADAR to detect the maximum range	Use Doppler RADAR to detect the maximum range	2	CO4
13	LLO1	Use freeware/open source simulation tool to perform practical related to RADAR communication.	Use freeware/open source simulation tool/virtual lab to perform practical related to RADAR communication.	2	CO4
14	LLO1	Use RADAR system to measure velocity of the moving object.	Determine the velocity of the moving object with the help of RADAR range.	2	CO5
15	LLO1	Use RADAR system to measure distance travelled by object.	Determine the distance travelled by object with the help of RADAR range.	2	CO5

Note: 10 experiments should be performed in a term for completion of TW

VI. Suggested Micro Project / Assignment/ Activities for Specific Learning / Skills Development (Self Learning): NA

VII. Specification Table:

Unit No	Topic Title	Distribution of Theory Marks						
	-	R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks			
1	Fundamentals of Microwave communication and Waveguide	4	4	-	08			
2	Waveguide Passive components	2	6	4	12			
3	Waveguide Active components	2	6	8	16			
4	RADAR Fundamentals	4	4	4	12			
5	RADAR Systems	2	4	6	12			
Total		14	24	22	60			

VIII. Assessment Methodologies/Tools

Formative assessment (Assessment for Learning)

Rubrics for continuous assessment based on process and product related performance indicators (25 marks)

Summative Assessment (Assessment of Learning)

End term examination, Viva-voce, Performance (50 marks)

IX. Suggested COs - POs Matrix Form

CO		And the state of t					Programme Sp Outcomes (PSOs)			
	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PSO- 1	PSO- 2	PSO- 3
CO1	1	2	1	3	3	3	3	3	2	3
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO3	2	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO5	2	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	3
Legends: - High	:03, Medium:02,	Low:	01, No	Mappi	ng:					5

X. Suggested Learning Materials / Books

	1000 A. Billy V.		A 1888 40 1888
Sr. No	Title	Author	Publisher
1.		Gupta, Sanjeev	Khanna Publication, ISBN 978-8174090878
2.	Engineering	Gautam A.K.	SK Kataria Publication, ISBN 978-9330141519
3.	Engineering	M. Kulkarni.	Umesh Publication, ISBN 978-8188114009
4.	Fundamentals of Microwave and RADAR Engineering	Sharma K. K.	S. Chand and Company Pvt. Ltd. ISBN 9788121935371

XI. Learning Websites & Portals

Sr. No.	Link / Portal	Description
1	Microwave Components: www.youtube.com/microwave components and devices	Video Lectures
2	Microwave fundamentals: www.nptlvideos.in/microwave engineering	Free online Video Lectures from IIT Guwahati
3	RADAR: www.youtube.com/ RADARs	Free Video Lectures
4	Microwave: www.learnerstv.com/free-engineering	Free Video Lectures
5	Waveguide: www.academia.edu/waveguide	Link for study material

XII. Academic Consultation Committee/Industry Consultation Committee:

Sr. No.	Name	Designation	Institute/Organization
1	Mr.Sourav Deore	AVI	SPL India PVT.LTD.
2	Dr.G J Joshi	SL. Grade Lecturer.	GP Nashik
3	Mrs. S .V. Bannore	SL. Grade Lecturer	G. P. Mumbai
4	Mrs. T. K. Balsaraf	Lecturer in Electronics	G. P. Mumbai

Coordinator

Curriculum Development, Department of Electronics

Engineering

I/C, Curriculum Development Cell Government Polytechnic, Mumbai Head of Departments
Department of Electronics

Engineering

Principal

Government Polytechnic, Mumbai

Microwave and Radar Engineering (EC23201)

Approved Copy

CDC Co-ordinator G. P. Mumbai P-23 scheme

Prog	Programme : Diploma in Electronics Engineering (Sandwich Pattern)											
Course Code: EC23701 Course Title: Artificial Intelligence												
Com	Compulsory / Optional: Optional											
Lear	ning Scl	heme an	d Credi	ts		Assessn	nent Sche	me				
CL	TL	LL	SLH	NLH	Credits	FA- SA-TH FA-		A- SA SL 7			Tot	
			SLII	TYLLI	Credits	TH	(2.30 Hrs.)	PR	PR	OR	A	al
3	1	2	1	6	3	40	60	25		50@	_	175

Total IKS Hrs. for course: -

Abbreviations: CL- ClassRoom Learning, TL- Tutorial Learning, LL- Laboratory Learning, SLH-Self Learning Hours, NLH-Notional Learning Hours, FA - Formative Assessment, SA -Summative assessment, SLA- Self Learning Assessment

Legends: @ Internal Assessment, # External Assessment, *# Online Examination, @\$ Internal Online Examination

Note:

- 1. FA-TH represents an average of two class tests of 30 marks each conducted during the term.
- 2. SA-TH represents the end term examination.
- 3. FA-PR represents the term work
- 4. SA-OR represents the end term oral examination.

I. Rationale:

Artificial intelligence (AI) makes it possible for machines to learn from experience, adjust to new inputs and perform human-like tasks. The overall research goal of artificial intelligence is to create technology that allows computers and machines to function in an intelligent manner. This course covers fundamentals of AI

II. Industry / Employer Expected Outcome:

Diploma students with Artificial Intelligence (AI) can expect industry outcomes including entry-level roles in data analysis, AI-assisted operations support, quality control, automation development, and software development within sectors like manufacturing, healthcare, finance, e-commerce, and logistics, where they can utilize their AI knowledge to enhance efficiency and decision-making processes, often collaborating with more senior AI specialists.

C

III. Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to achieve & demonstrate the following COs on completion of course based Learning

CO1	Demonstrate knowledge of building blocks of Al as presented in terms of intelligent agents
CO2	Analyze the problem as a state space, graph, design heuristics and select different search techniques to solve them.
CO3	Develop intelligent algorithms and intelligent systems .
CO4	Attain the capability to represent various real life problem domains using logic based techniques.

IV.	Course Content Details:	
Jnit	Theory Learning Outcomes	Topics / Sub-topics
No.	(TLO's) aligned to CO's	Ul-el-
1	TLO 1a. State concept of Al TLO 1b. Compare Human Intelligence and Artificial Intelligence TLO 1c. Explain concept of different AI approaches. TLO 1d. Explain different subfields in AI	Introduction to Artificial Intelligence (AI): 1.1 Artificial Intelligence: Concept of AI, Goals of AI. 1.2 Comparison of Human intelligence and artificial intelligence. 1.3 Computational Intelligence: Definition, Concept and methods (list only) 1.4 Components of AI systems, Techniques used in AI. 1.5 AI approaches: The turning test approach, cognitive modelling approach, Rational agent approach. 1.6 Subfields in AI. Course Outcome: CO1 Teaching Hours: 8hrs. Marks: 8 (R-2, U-4, A-2)
2	TLO 2a. State concepts of Agents and Environments in AI. TLO 2b. State and explain different types of agents. TLO 2c. State properties of Environments TLO 2d. Explain PEAS representation of an agent TLO 2e. Explain the concept of NLP and state its importance.	Agents and Environments: 2.1 Agent: Definition and Concept. 2.2. Types of agents: Simple reflex agents, model based reflex agents, goal based agents, learning agents, reactive goal cased, utility based. 2.3 Nature of Environments used in Al. 2.4 Properties of Environment. 2.5 PEAS representation of an agent 2.6 Natural language processing (NLP) Concept and importance. Course Outcome: CO1 Teaching Hours:8hrs Marks: 10(R-4, U-4, A-2)

	TLO3.a Explain general problem solving	Search Algorithms:
	methods.	3.1 General problem solving Production System
	TLO3.b Explain control strategies in	(with water Jug example)
	problem solving and characteristics	3.2 State Space representation and search with
	of problems.	example of 8 puzzle problem
	la de la constantia del constantia del constantia del constantia de la constantia del const	3.3 Control strategies used in Problem solving,
3	TLO3.c Explain Breadth first search with	Characteristics of Problems
	algorithm.	3.4 Search algorithm terminology: uninformed
	TLO3.d Explain algorithm of hill climbing	search strategies - Breadth first search with
	method.	algorithm
	TLO3.f Explain different searches such as	3.5 Informed(Heuristic)search strategies-Hill
	Beam and Tabu search.	climbing method and its algorithm
	TLO3.e Explain IDDFS method	3.6 Beam search, Tabu search
		3.7 Finding Optimal Paths: Branch and Bound,
		Divide and Conquer approaches
		3.8 Game playing: Min-max algorithm,
		AlphaBeta Algorithm, Tic-tac-toe
		3.9 Problem solving: Iterative Deepening depth
		first search (IDDFS)
		Course Outcome: CO2 Teaching Hours: 14hrs
	#5.37	Marks: 16(R- 4,U-8, A-4)
4	TIO to Evalois assess of alamina with	Planning and Logic :
4	TLO 4a. Explain concept of planning with	
	space search.	4.1 Planning
	TLO 4b. Explain different types of planning.	4.1.1 Introduction to planning.
	TLO 4c. Explain concept of forward and	4.1.2 Planning with state space search.
	backward chaining.	4.1.3 Planning and constraint satisfaction:
	TLO 4d. Explain Bayes theorem and belief	Domains, forward and backward
	networks.	search, goal stack planning, plan space
	TLO 4e. Compare forward and backward	planting, or april
	chaining.	planning, plan space planning,
	April 1997	Graphplan, Constraint propagation.
		4.2 Logic :
	The state of the s	4.2.1 Propositional and First order logic
		4.2.2 Forward and backward chaining
		4.2.3 Conditional probability, Joint
		probability, Bayes Theorem, Belief
	•	networks and simple inference in
		Belief Networks
	į į	Course Outcome: CO3 Teaching Hours: 8hrs
		Marks: 14(R- 6, U-4, A-4)
5	TLO 5a.State concept of machine Learning	Applications of AI:
-	TLO5 b.Explain use of machine learning in	5.1 Introduction to Machine learning.
	deep learning.	5.2 Introduction to deep learning.
	TLO 5c.Explain real life application of ML.	5.3 Use of machine learning in deep learning.
	TLO 5d.Explain real life application of	5.5 Introduction to NLP
	NLP.	5.6 Real life application of ML and NLP
		Course Outcome: CO4 Teaching Hours: 7 hrs
		Marks: 12(R- 2, U-4, A-6)

V. Laboratory Learning Outcome and Aligned Practical / Tutorial Experiences.

Sr No	Practical / Tutorial / Laboratory Learning Outcome (LLO)	Laboratory Experiment / Practical Titles / Tutorial Titles	Number of hrs.	Relevant COs
1	LLO a. Interpret use of intelligent system using PEAS LLO b. Design intelligent system using PEAS. LLO c. Interpret /define problem with state space representation.	Tutorial exercise for a) Design of intelligent system using PEAS b) Problem definition with state space representation	4	COI
2	LLO a. Interpret Beam search algorithm. LLO b. Design Beam search algorithm.	Implementation of Beam search algorithm	4	CO2
3	LLO a. Interpret Tabu search algorithm. LLO b. Design Tabu search algorithm.	Implementation of Tabu search algorithm	4	CO2
4	LLO a. Interpret depth search algorithm. LLO b. Design depth search algorithm.	Implementation of depth search algorithm	4	CO2
5	LLO a. Interpret Min-Max algorithm. LLO b. Design Min-Max algorithm	Implementation of Min-Max	4	CO2
6	LLO a. Interpret Divide and Conquer algorithm. LLO b. Design Divide and Conquer algorithm.	Implementation of Divide and Conquer algorithm	4	CO2
7	LLO a. Interpret Tic-tac-toe algorithm. LLO b. Design Tic-tac-toe algorithm.	Implementation of Tic-tac-toe algorithm	4	CO2
8	LLO a. Interpret AlphaBeta algorithm. LLO b. Design AlphaBeta algorithm.	Implementation of AlphaBeta algorithm	4	CO3
9	LLO a. Interpret Bayes' Belief Network algorithm. LLO b. Design Bayes' Belief Network algorithm.	Implementation of Bayes' Belief Network	4	CO3

10	LLO a. Interpret working of Al based humanoid self- driving car.	Case study on AI based humanoid self-driving car	4	CO4
11	LLO a. Interpret use of AI in the finance sector.	Case study on AI in finance sector	4	CO4
12	LLO a. Interpret use of AI in medical applications.	Case study on AI in medical applications.	4	CO4

Note: 10 to 12 experiments should be performed in a term for completion of TW

VI. Suggested Micro Project / Assignment/ Activities for Specific Learning / Skills Development (Self Learning): NA

VII. Specification Table:

Unit No		Distribution of Theory Marks						
	Topic Title	R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks			
1	Introduction to Artificial Intelligence (AI)	2	4	2	8			
2	Agents and Environments	4	4	2	10			
3	Search Algorithms	4_	8	4	16			
4	Planning and Logic	6	- 4	4	14			
5	Applications of Al	2	4	6	12			
	Total	18	24	18	60			

VIII.Assessment Methodologies/Tools

Formative assessment (Assessment for Learning)

 Rubrics for continuous assessment based on process and product related performance indicators (25 marks)

Summative Assessment (Assessment of Learning)

End term examination, Viva-voce, Workshop performance (50 marks)

IX. Suggested COs - POs Matrix Form

Course				rogramn Outcome (POs)				S O	Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)				
Outco mes (COs)	PO-1 Basic and Discipli ne Specific Knowle dge	PO-2 Proble m Analy sis	PO-3 Design/ Develop ment of Solution s	PO-4 Engin eerin g Tools	PO-5 Engineerin g Practices for Society, Sustainabili ty and Environme nt	PO-6 Proje ct Mana geme nt	PO-7 Li fe L o n g Learn ing	PSO - 1	PSO - 2	PSO-3			
CO1	3	2	11 4	* 10	a la a	-	-	1	2	3			
CO2	3	3	1		-		-	2	3	3			
CO3	3	3	3	3	- 3	- 10	-	2	3	3			
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	1.10/1/	3	2	3	3			

X. Suggested Learning Materials / Books

Sr.	Author	Title	Publisher
No 1	Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig	Artificial Intelligence : Modern Approach	Pearson education; 3rd edition; 2015
2		Artificial Intelligence	McGraw Hill; 3rd edition, 2017
3	Deepak Khemani	A first course in Artificial Intelligence	McGraw Hill; 1st edition, 2017
4	A classical approach Artificial Intelligence	M. C. Trivedi	Khanna Publishing House; 2nd edition; 2018

XI. Academic Consultation Committee/Industry Consultation Committee:

Sr. No	Name	Designation	Institute/Organization
1	Mr.Sumit More	Manager	Shapoorji pallonji fin. Ltd
2	Dr. Hemant Kasturewale	Head of department (Extc & DS)	Thakur Engineering College.
3	Smt.Namrata Wankhede	Lecturer in Informatiom Technology	G.P.Mumbai
4	Smt.Padavi T.Y	Lecturer in Electronics Engineering	G.P.Mumbai

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APPROVED GOPY

Head of Departments
Department of Electronics
Engineering

CDC Co-ordinator G. P. Mumbai

I/C, Curriculum Development Cell Government Polytechnic, Mumbai Principal Government Polytechnic, Mumbai

Cou	rse Co	de: E	C23202	C	ourse Titl	e: Co	nsum	er Elect	ronics				
Com	pulso	ry/O	ptional	: Optio	nal								
Teac	hing	Schen	e and (Credits		Ass	essme	nt Scher	ne				
		1022		FA	FA-TH SA- TH			SA		,			
CL	TL	LL	SLH	NLH	Credits	Т1	Т2	(2Hrs. 30 min.)	FA- PR	PR	OR	SLA	Total
3	1	2		6	3	20	20	60	25		50@	_	175

Total IKS Hrs. for course: -

Abbreviations: CL- Class Room Learning, TL- Tutorial Learning, LL- Laboratory Learning, SLH-Self Learning Hours, NLH-Notional Learning Hours, FA - Formative Assessment, SA -Summative assessment, SLA- Self Learning Assessment

Legends:

@ Internal Assessment, # External Assessment, *# On Line Examination,

(a)\$ Internal Online Examination

Note:

- 1. FA-TH represents an average of two class tests of 30 marks each conducted during the term.
- SA-TH represents the end term examination.
- 3. FA-PR represents the term work
- 4. SA-OR represents the end term oral examination.

I. Rationale:

The Consumer Electronics curriculum is designed to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the essential technologies and systems used in everyday electronic appliances and devices. With rapid advancements in technology, particularly in areas like smart devices, automation, and energy efficiency, there is a growing need for skilled professionals capable of designing, troubleshooting, and maintaining these systems.

The curriculum aims to:

- Equip students with foundational knowledge of consumer electronic devices such as air conditioners, refrigerators, washing machines, microwave ovens, digital cameras, and more.
- Develop hands-on skills in troubleshooting and maintaining electronic systems.
- Foster an understanding of modern trends such as smart home technologies, energy efficiency, and advanced communication systems (e.g., drones and wireless technologies).
- Prepare students for industry roles that demand both theoretical knowledge and practical
 expertise in managing consumer electronics products and services.

III. Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to achieve & demonstrate the following COs on completion of course based Learning

CO1	Demonstrate knowledge of building blocks of AI as presented in terms of intelligent agents
CO2	Analyze the problem as a state space, graph, design heuristics and select different search
	techniques to solve them.
CO3	Develop intelligent algorithms and intelligent systems.
CO4	Attain the capability to represent various real life problem domains using logic based
	techniques.

IV. Course Content Details:

17.	Course Content Details:	
Jnit	Theory Learning Outcomes	Topics / Sub-topics
No.	(TLO's) aligned to CO's	
	TLO1a. Understand the components of a	Audio Systems
	Hi-Fi amplifier through its block	1.1 Hi Fi amplifier:
	diagram.	1.1.1Block diagram
1	TLO1b. Explain how a Hi-Fi amplifier	1.1.2 Working principle
1	processes low-level signals into	1.2 Public address (PA) system:
	high-quality, distortion-free audio	1.2.1 Block diagram
	output.	1.2.2Working principle
	TLO1c. Understand the block diagram of a	1.2.3 Speaker impedance matching and
	typical PA system, Identify the core	characteristics
	components such as microphones,	1.3 Home theatre system.
	amplifiers, mixers, equalizers, and	1.4 Trouble shooting procedure of audio
	speakers.	systems.
	TLO1d. Discuss the signal flow from input	systems.
	(microphone) to output (speakers)	
	and how it is controlled.	T SPOR
	TLO1e. Explain the components and setup	
	of a home theatre system, including	SSS(s) (incomplete)
	AV receivers, speakers, and	
	subwoofers.	
	TLO1f. Learn systematic approaches to	
	identify and fix issues in audio	
	systems. Understand common	
	problems like no sound, distortion,	
	feedback, and connection faults.	
	TLO1g. Use tools such as multimeters,	
	signal generators, and oscilloscopes	C Thomas Shre
	to diagnose and resolve faults.	Course Outcome:CO1 Teaching Hours:5hrs TL:1hrs Marks: 08 (R- 4 U-4, A-0)
	and resolve laults.	IL: Inrs Marks: 00 (K- 4 0-4) (K- 9)

II. Industry / Employer Expected Outcome

Upon completion of this course, students will be well-prepared to meet the demands of the consumer electronics industry. The outcomes are aligned with the skills required for working in understanding design, troubleshooting, and service sectors.

1. Consumer Electronics Design and Development:

Understanding of modern control systems used in smart appliances, leading to innovation in connected home technologies and IoT-enabled devices.

2. Product Lifecycle Management:

Knowledge of the manufacturing processes and able to evaluate the reliability, quality, and sustainability of consumer electronic products to meet industry standards.

3. Repair and Troubleshooting Expertise:

Proficiency in diagnosing and repairing faults in a wide range of household appliances, such as air conditioners, refrigerators, microwaves, and washing machines.

4. Consumer Electronics Services and After-Sales Support:

Ability to offer expert customer support and after-sales service for various consumer electronic appliances.

Skill in upgrading and maintaining home appliances with modern technologies, ensuring they remain relevant and competitive in the market.

5. Drones and Emerging Technologies:

Understanding of drone technology and its application in industries such as agriculture, defense, weather forecasting, and industrial inspection.

III. Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to achieve & demonstrate the following COs on completion of course based learning

CO1	Demonstrate a clear understanding of the fundamental components of audio systems.
CO2	Describe the working principles and troubleshoot color TV systems
CO3	Understand the working principles and the advancements in technologies used color TV systems
CO4	Identify and Troubleshoot common faults in electronic appliances like air conditioners, refrigerators, washing machines, and microwave ovens.
CO5	Understand the anatomy and components, Identify different types of drones and their applications in industries such as agriculture, defense, and industrial inspection.

IV. Course Content Details:

IV.	Course Content Details:	
Jnit No.	Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's) aligned to CO's	Topics / Sub-topics
	TLO1a. Understand the components of a	Audio Systems
	Hi-Fi amplifier through its block	1.1 Hi Fi amplifier:
	diagram.	1.1.1 Block diagram
1	TLO1b. Explain how a Hi-Fi amplifier	1.1.2 Working principle
1	processes low-level signals into	1.2 Public address (PA) system:
	high-quality, distortion-free audio	1.2.1 Block diagram
	output.	1.2.2 Working principle
	TLO1c . Understand the block diagram of a	1.2.3 Speaker impedance matching and
	typical PA system, Identify the core	characteristics
	components such as microphones,	1.3 Home theatre system.
	amplifiers, mixers, equalizers, and	1.4 Trouble shooting procedure of audio
	speakers.	systems.
	TLO1d. Discuss the signal flow from input	
	(microphone) to output (speakers)	
	and how it is controlled.	
	TLO1e. Explain the components and setup	
	of a home theatre system, including	
	AV receivers, speakers, and	
	subwoofers.	
	TLO1f. Learn systematic approaches to	and the second
	identify and fix issues in audio	
	systems. Understand common	
	problems like no sound, distortion,	
	feedback, and connection faults.	
	TLO1g. Use tools such as multimeters,	
	signal generators, and oscilloscopes	Course Outcome:CO1 Teaching Hours:5hrs
	to diagnose and resolve faults.	TL:1hrs Marks: 08 (R- 4 U-4, A-0)
	TLO 2a. Explain the block diagram and	Fundamentals of Televisions
	Key principles of television	2.1 Block diagram of TV:
	systems, including aspect ratio,	Aspect ratio, image continuity, interlace
	interlace scanning, and resolution.	scanning, scanning periods-horizontal and
•	TLO 2b. Describe vestigial sideband transmission, bandwidth	vertical, vertical and horizontal resolution.
2	1	2.2 Vestigial side band transmission,
	requirements for color signals, and signal compatibility.	bandwidth for color signal, characteristics
		of color signal, compatibility.
	TV camera and its operational	2.3 Color TV Camera:
	principles.	2.3.1 Block diagram
		2.3.2 Working principle (Vidiocon).
	TV picture tube and its role in	2.4 Color TV Picture Tube:
	r picture tube and its fole in	2.4.1 Block diagram

	image reproduction.	2.4.2 Working principle.
	ΓLO 2e. Understand the block diagram and	2.5 Color TV Transmitter:
	functions of a color TV	2.5.1 Block diagram
	transmitter.	2.5.2 Function of each block.
	ΓLO 2f. Understand troubleshooting	2.6 Troubleshooting procedure of Color TV
	procedures for a color TV	Transmitter
	transmitter.	2.7 Block diagram and Function of each block
	TLO 2g. Describe the block diagram and	of Color TV receiver:
	operational functions of a color	2.8 Troubleshooting/ Specification/
	TV receiver.	Comparative analysis for different sets of
	TLO 2h. Perform troubleshooting, analyze	Television.
	specifications, and compare color	CourseOutcome:CO2 Teachinghours:10hrs
	TV systems.	TL:3hrs Marks:14(R-4,U-4, A-6)
	TLO3.a Explain the working principle of	LED Television and Cable Television.
	LED and LCD televisions.	3.1 LED and LCD Television:
	TLO3.b Understand the block diagram of	3.1.1 Working principle.
	cable television and describe the	3.2 Cable Television:
	functions of its components.	3.2.1 Block diagram and function of all
3	TLO3.c Understand the block diagram of a	the blocks
3	Direct-to-Home (DTH) receiver,	3.4 Direct to Home Receiver (DTH):
	including its indoor and outdoor	3.4.2 Receiver block diagram
	units.	3.4.3 Indoor and outdoor unit.
	TLO3.d Explain the working principle,	3.5 HDTV:
	block diagram, applications, and	3.5.1 Development of HDTV
	installation steps of Closed-Circuit	3.6 CCTV:
	Television (CCTV) systems.	3.6.1 Working principle
	TLO3.e Analyze the block diagram and	3.6.2 Block diagram
	working principle of Smart TVs	3,6.3 Applications
	and their integration with modern	3.6.4 Installation steps.
	technology.	3.7 Smart TV:
		3.7.1 Block diagram
		3.7.2 Working principle.
		CourseOutcome:CO3 Teaching Hours: 10hrs
	or of II I and the life is discussed	TL:3hrs Marks:14(R-4,U-6, A-4)
4	TLO4.a Understand the block diagram, working principle, and basic	Consumer Electronics Appliances 4.1Air Conditioners:
	troubleshooting steps of air	
	conditioners.	
	TLO4.b Explain the block diagram,	4.3.2 Working Principle
	working principle, and	4.3.3 Basic troubleshooting steps
	troubleshooting methods for refrigerators.	4.2 Refrigerators:
	TLO4.cDescribe the block diagram and	4.2.1 Block diagram
	working principle of a photocopier.	4.2.2 Working Principle
	TLO4.d Understand the types, block	4.2.3 Basic troubleshooting steps
	diagram, wiring, safety	4.3 Photocopier:

	instructions, and electrical	4.3.1 Block diagram
	specifications of microwave	4.3.2 Working principle
	ovens.	4.4 Microwave Oven:
	TLO4.e Analyze the block diagram, types	4.4.1 Types
	(automatic and semi-automatic),	4.4.2 Block diagram
	and troubleshooting procedures for washing machines.	4.4.3 Wiring and safety instructions and
	THE CO. L. D. L. L.	electrical specifications.
	specifications and operation of	4.5 Washing Machine:
	washing machines.	4.5.1 Block diagram of washing machine
	TLO4.g Explain the components, picture	4.5.2 Electrical specifications
	processing, picture storage, and	4.5.3 Types of washing machine: Automatic,
	electrical specifications of digital	Semi-automatic
	cameras and camcorders.	4.5.4 Trouble shooting procedure.
	TLO4.h Identify and describe the role of	4.6 Digital Camera and Cam coder:
	pickup devices in digital cameras	4.6.1 Pickup devices
	and camcorders.	4.6.2 Picture processing and picture storage
		4.6.3 Electrical specifications.
		Course Outcome: CO4 Teaching Hours: 10hrs;
5	TLO5.a Explain the recent trends in drone	1,1111
	technology and its advancements.	Drone and its applications:
1		1 1 Introduction
	TLO5.b Identify and describe the key	5.1 Introduction
	TLO5.b Identify and describe the key	5.1.1 Resent trends in Drone technology
	TLO5.b Identify and describe the key hardware and software	5.1.1 Resent trends in Drone technology 5.1.2 Components of Drones (Hardware and
	hardware and software components of drones, including their functions.	5.1.1 Resent trends in Drone technology 5.1.2 Components of Drones (Hardware and Software)
	hardware and software components of drones, including their functions. TLO5.c Understand the anatomy of drones	5.1.1 Resent trends in Drone technology 5.1.2 Components of Drones (Hardware and Software) 5.1.3 Anatomy of drones (Propellers,
	hardware and software components of drones, including their functions. TLO5.c Understand the anatomy of drones	5.1.1 Resent trends in Drone technology 5.1.2 Components of Drones (Hardware and Software) 5.1.3Anatomy of drones (Propellers, Brushless motor, Landing gears,
	hardware and software components of drones, including their functions. TLO5.c Understand the anatomy of drones and the role of each component, such as propellers, motors, flight	5.1.1 Resent trends in Drone technology 5.1.2 Components of Drones (Hardware and Software) 5.1.3 Anatomy of drones (Propellers, Brushless motor, Landing gears, Electronic speed controllers, flight
	hardware and software components of drones, including their functions. TLO5.c Understand the anatomy of drones and the role of each component, such as propellers, motors, flight controllers, and GPS modules.	5.1.1 Resent trends in Drone technology 5.1.2 Components of Drones (Hardware and Software) 5.1.3Anatomy of drones (Propellers, Brushless motor, Landing gears, Electronic speed controllers, flight controller, receiver, transmitter GPS
	hardware and software components of drones, including their functions. TLO5.c Understand the anatomy of drones and the role of each component, such as propellers, motors, flight controllers, and GPS modules. TLO5.d Understand the evolution and key	5.1.1 Resent trends in Drone technology 5.1.2 Components of Drones (Hardware and Software) 5.1.3Anatomy of drones (Propellers, Brushless motor, Landing gears, Electronic speed controllers, flight controller, receiver, transmitter GPS module battery camera)
	hardware and software components of drones, including their functions. TLO5.c Understand the anatomy of drones and the role of each component, such as propellers, motors, flight controllers, and GPS modules. TLO5.d Understand the evolution and key features of drones across various	5.1.1 Resent trends in Drone technology 5.1.2 Components of Drones (Hardware and Software) 5.1.3 Anatomy of drones (Propellers, Brushless motor, Landing gears, Electronic speed controllers, flight controller, receiver, transmitter GPS module battery camera) 5.2 Drone features and Evolution
	hardware and software components of drones, including their functions. TLO5.c Understand the anatomy of drones and the role of each component, such as propellers, motors, flight controllers, and GPS modules. TLO5.d Understand the evolution and key features of drones across various generations.	5.1.1 Resent trends in Drone technology 5.1.2 Components of Drones (Hardware and Software) 5.1.3Anatomy of drones (Propellers, Brushless motor, Landing gears, Electronic speed controllers, flight controller, receiver, transmitter GPS module battery camera) 5.2 Drone features and Evolution 5.3 Types of drones
	hardware and software components of drones, including their functions. TLO5.c Understand the anatomy of drones and the role of each component, such as propellers, motors, flight controllers, and GPS modules. TLO5.d Understand the evolution and key features of drones across various generations. TLO5.e Classify the different types of	5.1.1 Resent trends in Drone technology 5.1.2 Components of Drones (Hardware and Software) 5.1.3Anatomy of drones (Propellers, Brushless motor, Landing gears, Electronic speed controllers, flight controller, receiver, transmitter GPS module battery camera) 5.2 Drone features and Evolution 5.3 Types of drones 5.4 Use cases
	hardware and software components of drones, including their functions. TLO5.c Understand the anatomy of drones and the role of each component, such as propellers, motors, flight controllers, and GPS modules. TLO5.d Understand the evolution and key features of drones across various generations. TLO5.e Classify the different types of drones based on design,	5.1.1 Resent trends in Drone technology 5.1.2 Components of Drones (Hardware and Software) 5.1.3Anatomy of drones (Propellers, Brushless motor, Landing gears, Electronic speed controllers, flight controller, receiver, transmitter GPS module battery camera) 5.2 Drone features and Evolution 5.3 Types of drones 5.4 Use cases 1. Defense
	hardware and software components of drones, including their functions. TLO5.c Understand the anatomy of drones and the role of each component, such as propellers, motors, flight controllers, and GPS modules. TLO5.d Understand the evolution and key features of drones across various generations. TLO5.e Classify the different types of	5.1.1 Resent trends in Drone technology 5.1.2 Components of Drones (Hardware and Software) 5.1.3Anatomy of drones (Propellers, Brushless motor, Landing gears, Electronic speed controllers, flight controller, receiver, transmitter GPS module battery camera) 5.2 Drone features and Evolution 5.3 Types of drones 5.4 Use cases 1. Defense 2. Weather forecast
	hardware and software components of drones, including their functions. TLO5.c Understand the anatomy of drones and the role of each component, such as propellers, motors, flight controllers, and GPS modules. TLO5.d Understand the evolution and key features of drones across various generations. TLO5.e Classify the different types of drones based on design,	5.1.1 Resent trends in Drone technology 5.1.2 Components of Drones (Hardware and Software) 5.1.3Anatomy of drones (Propellers, Brushless motor, Landing gears, Electronic speed controllers, flight controller, receiver, transmitter GPS module battery camera) 5.2 Drone features and Evolution 5.3 Types of drones 5.4 Use cases 1. Defense 2. Weather forecast 3. Industry
	hardware and software components of drones, including their functions. TLO5.c Understand the anatomy of drones and the role of each component, such as propellers, motors, flight controllers, and GPS modules. TLO5.d Understand the evolution and key features of drones across various generations. TLO5.e Classify the different types of drones based on design,	5.1.1 Resent trends in Drone technology 5.1.2 Components of Drones (Hardware and Software) 5.1.3Anatomy of drones (Propellers, Brushless motor, Landing gears, Electronic speed controllers, flight controller, receiver, transmitter GPS module battery camera) 5.2 Drone features and Evolution 5.3 Types of drones 5.4 Use cases 1. Defense 2. Weather forecast 3. Industry 4. Agriculture (any one case study in
	hardware and software components of drones, including their functions. TLO5.c Understand the anatomy of drones and the role of each component, such as propellers, motors, flight controllers, and GPS modules. TLO5.d Understand the evolution and key features of drones across various generations. TLO5.e Classify the different types of drones based on design, functionality, and application.	5.1.1 Resent trends in Drone technology 5.1.2 Components of Drones (Hardware and Software) 5.1.3Anatomy of drones (Propellers, Brushless motor, Landing gears, Electronic speed controllers, flight controller, receiver, transmitter GPS module battery camera) 5.2 Drone features and Evolution 5.3 Types of drones 5.4 Use cases 1. Defense 2. Weather forecast 3. Industry 4. Agriculture (any one case study in detail)
	hardware and software components of drones, including their functions. TLO5.c Understand the anatomy of drones and the role of each component, such as propellers, motors, flight controllers, and GPS modules. TLO5.d Understand the evolution and key features of drones across various generations. TLO5.e Classify the different types of drones based on design, functionality, and application.	5.1.1 Resent trends in Drone technology 5.1.2 Components of Drones (Hardware and Software) 5.1.3Anatomy of drones (Propellers, Brushless motor, Landing gears, Electronic speed controllers, flight controller, receiver, transmitter GPS module battery camera) 5.2 Drone features and Evolution 5.3 Types of drones 5.4 Use cases 1. Defense 2. Weather forecast 3. Industry 4. Agriculture (any one case study in

IV. Laboratory Learning Outcome and Aligned Practical / Tutorial Experiences.

Sr. No.	Practical / Tutorial / Laboratory Learning Outcome (LLO)	Practical Titles / Tutorial	hrs.	Relevan t COs
1	LLO1 Develop skills to identify and troubleshoot faults in colour TV trainer kits. LLO2 Gain proficiency in using diagnostic tools like multimeters	To identify and rectify faults in colour TV trainer kits. a) No colour b) Red colour only, c) Green colour only d) No	02	CO2

		and oscilloscopes.	sound.		
	LLO3	Enhance understanding of colour TV circuitry for fault rectification.			
	LLO1	Identify and diagnose faults in different sections of an LED television receiver, such as the power supply and display unit.	Test the various sections of LED Television receiver.	02	СОЗ
3	LLO2	Develop practical skills in diagnosing common faults in residential air conditioning units Troubleshooting and repairing air conditioning systems, focusing on safety protocols, tools, and techniques for effective fault resolution.	Analyzing and Fixing Faults in Residential Air Conditioning Units	02	CO4
4	LLO1	Develop practical skills in diagnosing common faults refrigerator systems, including issues with the compressor, thermostat, and cooling circuits.	Analyzing and Fixing Faults in Refrigerator.	02	CO4
5	LLO2	Understand the fundamental components and cycles (wash, rinse, spin) of an automatic washing machine Analyze the energy and water consumption during different washing cycles and apply troubleshooting techniques to identify and resolve common operational issues in automatic washing machines.	To interpret and demonstrate the Operation of an Automatic Washing Machine	02	CO4
6		Use a multimeters to accurately measure and analyze voltage levels at various test points in the horizontal section of a colour TV receiver. Identify and troubleshoot common issues in the horizontal section of a colour TV receiver	Testing voltage at various test points at horizontal sections of colour TV receiver.	02	CO2
7		Use multimeters to accurately measure and analyze voltage levels at various test points in the horizontal section of a colour TV receiver. Identify and troubleshoot common issues in the vertical section of a colour TV receiver.	Testing voltage at various points of vertical section of colour TV receiver.	02	CO2

8	LLO	Use multimeter to test various test points of colour TV receiver.	Testing various test points of colour TV receiver. a) Chroma	02	CO2
	LLO	a) Chroma section b) Picture Tube.	section b) Picture Tube.		
9		Install and configure key components of a CCTV system, including cameras, monitors, and recording devices. Troubleshooting common issues during CCTV installation and optimize the system for effective surveillance and security monitoring.	Installation and Configuration of a CCTV Surveillance System	02	CO3
10	LLO1	Suggest the remedy for the following faults in given colour TV: a) Faults in SYNC separator. B) Faults in video amplifier.	for SYNC Separator and Video	02	CO2
11		Measure voltage levels to sketch composite video signal at different stages of TV receiver	and Sketching the Composite Video Signal at Different Stages of a TV Receiver"		
12		To test and measure voltage at various sections of LED TV receivers.	To test the various sections of LED television receiver.	02	CO3
13		Suggest the remedy for the following faults in given colour TV: a) Faults in HSYNC section b) Fault in VSYNC section	colour TV: a) Faults in HSYNC section b) Fault in VSYNC section.	02	CO3
14		Test the magnetron, capacitor, and transformer. Measure voltage at various stages.	Demonstration of working of Microwave oven.	02	CO4
15		Test the recording, playback, and zoom functions. Measure power and signal continuity	To test the various functions of Camcoder.	02	CO4
16	LLO1	Analyze screen resolution, refresh rate, backlight technology, power consumption, and lifespan.	A case study: Compare LED and LCD TV on the basis of specifications, working etc.	02	CO3
		Understand the fundamental working principles of drones and their components.	A case study: The Application of Drones in Agricultural Monitoring or any other as per suggestion given by faculty)2	CO5

LLO2 Learn how drones are used in		
agriculture to monitor crop health,	1	
optimize irrigation, and detect	I	
problems such as pests or diseases.		

Note: 10 experiments should be performed in a term for completion of TW

V. Suggested Micro Project / Assignment/ Activities for Specific Learning / Skills Development (Self Learning): NA

VI. Specification Table:

Unit		Distribution of Theory Marks						
No	Topic Title	R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks			
1	Audio Systems	4	4	-	08			
2	Fundamentals of Televisions	4	4	6	14			
3	LED Television and Cable Television.	4	6 _	4	14			
4	Consumer Electronics Appliances	4	4	4	12			
5	Drone and its applications	2	6	4	12			
Total ·		18	24	18	60			

V1I.Assessment Methodologies/Tools

Formative assessment (Assessment for Learning)

Rubrics for continuous assessment based on process and product related performance indicators (25 marks)

Summative Assessment (Assessment of Learning)

End term examination, Viva-voce, Performance (50 marks)

VIII. Suggested COs - POs Matrix Form

CO	Prog	Programme Outcomes (POs)							Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)			
	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PSO- 1	PSO- 2	PSO- 3		
CO1	2	3	2	2	1	-	2	2	3	2		
CO2	1	2	2	3	1-	_	1	2	2	2		
CO3	2	3	2	3	1	_	2	2	3	2		
CO4	1	-	-	1	-	3	2	2	1	1		
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	2	1	3	2	2		
Legends: - High:(03, Mediu	m:02,	Low:0	1, No M	Iapping	g:	1]3	<u> </u>		

IX. Suggested Learning Materials / Books

Sr.	Title Author Dublishes Edit	
No.	Year Of publication	ion and ISBN
1	() on annual - 1. [1]	education, 9788131717592
2	Audio Video systems principles, Gupta, R.G. Mc-graw Delhi, India 2010	nill, New 9780070699762
3	Audio Video systems: principle Bali, Rajeev, Bali, S. P. practices and troubleshooting. book publishing Co.(Delhi,2014	Khanna 9788187522058 P) Ltd.
4	Trouble shooting electronic R. S. Khandpur, Tata Mc equipment	Graw hill 9780071477314
5	Drone Technology in Architecture, Engineering and Construction: A Strategic Guide to Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Operation and Implementation	9781119545880

X. Learning Websites & Portals

Sr. No.	Link / Portal	Description
1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8HG7efTMj78	Link for study material
2	https://www.electronicrepairguide.com/led-tv-repair-basic .html	Link for study material
3	https://www.computer-pdf.com/tutorials-computer-repair-and-maintenance	Link for study material
4	https://www.thespruce.com/refrigerator-repair-guide-4153173	Link for study material

Electronics Consumez (EC23202) APPROVED COPY

Approved copy

P23 Scheme

CDC Co-ordinator . G. P. Mumbai

XI. Academic Consultation Committee/Industry Consultation Committee:

Sr. No.	Name	Designation	Institute/Organization
1	Mr.S.N.Isal	Director	Techmahoday
2	Dr. Hemant Kasturewale	Hod,Extc	Thakur Engg.college
3	Ms. A. J. Barbole	Lecturer in Electronics	G. P. Mumbai
4	Ms. T. K. Balsaraf	Lecturer in Electronics	G. P. Mumbai

Coordinator

Curriculum Development,

Department of Electronics Engineering/

I/C, Curriculum Development Cell Government Polytechnic, Mumbai Head of Departments
Department of Electronics
Engineering

Principal

Government Polytechnic, Mumbai

ESTD. 1960

Manner

G. P. Mumbai

Prog	Programme: Diploma in Electronics Engineering (Sandwich pattern)												
Course Code: EC23401 Course Cod						le: Project 1							
Com	Compulsory / Optional: Compulsory												
Learning Scheme and Credits Learning Scheme and Credits													
						FA-	ГН	SA-TH	EA	SA			
CL	TL	LL	SLH	NLH	Credits	UT 1	U T1	(2:30 Hrs.)	FA- PR	PR	OR	SLA	Total
-	- -	2	ı	2	1		The second secon		25	-	25@	-	50

Total IKS Hrs. for course: -

Abbreviations: CL- Class Room Learning, TL- Tutorial Learning, LL- Laboratory Learning, SLH-Self Learning Hours, NLH-Notional Learning Hours, FA - Formative Assessment, SA -Summative assessment, SLA-Self Learning Assessment

Legends: @ Internal Assessment, # External Assessment, *# On Line Examination, @\$ Internal Online Examination

Note:

- 1. FA-PR represents the term work
- 2. SA-PR represents the end term practical examination.

I. Rationale:

An engineer or technician has to carry out variety of tasks & face problems and situations in his professional life. He has to convey his ideas, communicate with people. Effective presentation of ideas, thoughts and information becomes a requisite skill for him/her.

ESTA, 1960

The student should be aware about the concepts, fundamentals, objectives and essential hardware and software required for the execution of project.

The involvement of student in the Project based Seminar course will help him to plan and prepare the related topic by searching information from various sources, interact with others, analyse the information, document the content and present.

II. Industry / Employer Expected Outcome:

This course is to be taught and implemented with the aim to develop in the student, the course outcomes (COs) leading to the attainment of following industry identified outcome expected from this course:

To understand and present the implementation strategy of industry/society need based projects.

III. Course Outcomes: Students will be able to achieve & demonstrate the following COs on completion of course based learning

To suggest and discuss ideas through project based seminar
To collect data, information, literature from various resources
develop planning of seminar activities
To develop skills to communicate the problems and solutions
To develop skill to prepare reports and presentation

IV. Course Content Details:

Activity	1. Activities
No.	
1	Briefing and discussion about selection for project based seminar topics in class.
2	Search project based seminar topics and approval of project topic by Project Guide from searched topics
3	Collection of data and literature for project based seminar through: Internet/industrial visits/Journals/Books/EBooks etc.
4	Preparation of synopsis/report of seminar topic: print draft copy
5	Submission of seminar synopsis to guide (Printed copy)
6	Discuss with the Project Guide about preparation of seminar document
7	Preparation of project based seminar by the students
8	Editing and revising the project based seminar document
9	Submission of Hard copy & Soft copy of project based seminar report and power point presentation to Project Guide
10	Seminar Presentation to Project Guide, department faculty members and students

The above listed activities related to Project Based Seminar should be discussed with the ProjectGuide time-to-time throughout the semester and finally present the Seminar work.

S No	Suggestive topics for Project topic in Electronics Engineering
1	IoT and Smart Systems
2	Wind-Solar Hybrid Power System
3	Digital Notice Board Using Arduino
4	Pick and Place Robotic Arm
5	RFID-Based Attendance System
6	Heart Rate Monitoring System
7	Automatic Hand Sanitizer Dispenser
8	Smart Waste Management System
9	Environment Monitoring System
10	Disaster Alert System
11	Voice-Controlled Wheelchair
12	Obstacle Detection for Visually Impaired
13	E-bike speed controller systems
14	Solar wireless electric vehicle charging system
15	Any other topic related to electrical engineering

*Key considerations

- **Industry Relevance**: Focus on projects related to IoT, renewable energy, or automation, as they are in demand.
- Feasibility: Choose projects manageable within the resources and timeline of diploma students.
- Interdisciplinary Approach: Encourage collaboration with peers from other disciplines like computer science or mechanical engineering.
- Topics of Project based seminars will vary as per requirements of particular program

V. Learning Resources:

Magazines, Journals, Papers: National & international Reference Books, Internet, Previous seminars, Text Books, Codes of Practices e. g. IS Codes, Video Cassettes, Audio Cassettes, Compact Discs, Charts, Transparencies, Software, Models, Industrial visits, expert lectures/workshops

VI. Guidelines for Seminar:

Submission of Seminar Document:

- The student shall get the seminar draft approved from Guide and complete final document.
- Each student shall prepare two hard copies of final seminar document and retain one copywith student and submit one hard copy along with soft copy for department.
- The structure of the seminar document shall be as per the following format: Certificate / Acknowledgement / Index / Introduction / Detailed content / Conclusion / References.
- The seminar report shall be of minimum 10 pages and max. 20 pages with 1.5-line spacing. Font: New Times Roman, left margin 3 cm, right margin 1.5 cm, top margin 2 cm, bottom margin 2 cm, header & footer 1.5 cm, page numbers, size of font 12 pt, paragraphs left and right justified. It should be certified by seminar Guide and Head of department.

• Evaluation of Seminar:

Evaluation of seminar will consist of Progressive Assessment, Presentation

Progressing Assessment:

a. Progressive assessment will be based on attendance, searching of various seminar topics, selection of title, collection of data from internet, Journals, Literatures, organization of data and preparation of document.

VII. Assessment Methodologies/Tools

Formative assessment (Assessment for Learning)

Documentation of Seminal report (25marks)

Summative Assessment-(Assessment of Learning)

Presentation and discussion based on Project topic (25 Marks)

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VIII. Suggested COs - POs Matrix Form

(COs)		Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)								
	and	PO-2 Problem Analysis	Design/	PO-4 Engineer ing Tools	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainabilit y and Environment	Project Manage	1	PSO - 1	PSO - 2	PSO - 3
CO1	3		1	1	1		1	1		
CO2	3		1	Tall h	1		1			Ī
CO3	3	_48	1	The second of		1	1		1	
CO4	3	100		AVA.	The state of the s		1	1		1
CO5	3	A Contraction of		1	n Amb	1	1	1		
Legend	ls: - High:03,	Medium:0	2, Low:01	, No Mapp	ing:					

IX.Academic Consultation Committee/Industry Consultation Committee:

Sr. No	Name	Designation	Institute/Organization
1	Mr Sourav Deore	Industry Expert	AVI-SPL India Private Limited
2	Mr. Anjum Mujavar	SL Grade Lecturer	Vidyalankar Polytechnic Mumbai
3	Mr. A. D. Vikhankar	SL Grade Lecturer	Government Polytechnic, Mumbai
4	Mr. R. M. Ingle	SL Grade Lecturer	Government Polytechnic, Mumbai

Coordinator,

Curriculum Development,

Head of Department

Department of Electronics Engineering

Department of Electronics Engineering

I/C, Curriculum Development Cell Government Polytechnic, Mumbai Principal

Government Polytechnic, Mumbai

Project 1 (EC23401)

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CDC Co-ordinator

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